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Operating Instructions **T142**

Temperature transmitter with HART® protocol







Table of contents

Table of contents

1	About this document 4	8.2	Switching or
1.1 1.2	Document function 4 Safety instructions	8.3 9	Configuring
1.3	Symbols used 4	_	Diagnosti
1.4 1.5	Tool symbols	9.1 9.2	General trou Diagnostic in
1.7	registered trademarks	9.3	Diagnostic ii
2	Safety instructions 7	7.2	interface
2.1	Requirements for personnel	9.4	Diagnostic li
2.2	Designated use	9.5	Event logbo
2.3	Workplace safety	9.6 9.7	Overview of Firmware hi
2.4	Operational safety	9.7	riiiiwaieiii
2.5	Device-specific IT security 8	10	Maintena
3	Incoming acceptance and product		
	identification 9	11	Repair
3.1	Incoming acceptance 9	11.1	General info
3.2	Product identification	11.2	Spare parts
3.3	Certificates and approvals 10	11.3 11.4	Return Disposal
3.4	Transport and storage	11,7	Disposar
4	Mounting	12	Accessori
4.1	Mounting requirements	12.1	Device-speci
4.2	Mounting the transmitter	12.2	Communica
4.3	Display mounting		
4.4	Post-installation check	13	Technical
		13.1	Input
5	Electrical connection 14	13.2	Output
5.1	Connecting requirements 14	13.3 13.4	Power suppl Performance
5.2	Connecting the sensor	13.5	Environmen
5.3	Connecting the measuring device	13.6	Mechanical
5.4 5.5	Special connection instructions	13.7	Certificates
5.6	Post-connection check		
		14	Operating
6	Operating options		description
6.1	Overview of operating options 20	14.1	Menu: Diagi
6.2	Structure and function of the operating	14.2	Menu: Appl
6.3	menu	14.3	Menu: Syste
ر.ں	operating tool	Indo	37
6.4	Access to the operating menu via the	mue	х
	Wireless Field Device Configurator App 26		
7	System integration 27		
7.1	Measured variables via HART protocol 27		
7.2	Supported HART® commands 27		
Q	Commissioning		
8	Commissioning		
8.1	Post-installation check 30		

8.2 8.3	Switching on the transmitter	30 30
9	Diagnostics and troubleshooting	31
9.1	General troubleshooting	31
9.2	Diagnostic information on local display	33
9.3	Diagnostic information via communication	
	interface	33
9.4	Diagnostic list	33
9.5	Event logbook	33
9.6	Overview of diagnostic events	34
9.7	Firmware history	35
10	Maintenance and cleaning	36
11	Repair	36
11.1	General information	36
11.2	Spare parts	36
11.3	Return	36
11.4	Disposal	36
	•	
12	Accessories	36
12.1	Device-specific accessories	36
12.2	Communication-specific accessories	37
	-	
13	Technical data	38
13.1	Input	38
13.2	Output	39
13.3	Power supply	40
13.4	Performance characteristics	/. 1
		41
13.5	Environment	48
13.6	Mechanical construction	48 49
		48
13.6	Mechanical construction	48 49
13.6 13.7	Mechanical construction	48 49
13.6 13.7 14	Mechanical construction	48 49 50
13.6 13.7 14 14.1	Mechanical construction	48 49 50 52 56
13.6 13.7 14 14.1 14.2	Mechanical construction	48 49 50 52 56 64
13.6 13.7 14 14.1	Mechanical construction	48 49 50 52 56
13.6 13.7 14 14.1 14.2 14.3	Mechanical construction	48 49 50 52 56 64
13.6 13.7 14 14.1 14.2 14.3	Mechanical construction	48 49 50 52 56 64 74

About this document T142

1 About this document

1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2 Safety instructions

When using in hazardous areas, compliance with national regulations is mandatory. Separate Ex-specific documentation is provided for measuring systems that are used in hazardous areas. This documentation is an integral part of these Operating Instructions. The installation specifications, connection data and safety instructions it contains must be strictly observed! Make sure that you use the right Ex-specific documentation for the right device with approval for use in hazardous areas!

1.3 Symbols used

1.3.1 Safety symbols

A DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.3.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
===	Direct current	
~	Alternating current	
$\overline{\sim}$	Direct current and alternating current	
<u></u>	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.	
Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any connections.		
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device: Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network. Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.	

T142 About this document

1.3.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning	
✓	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.	
✓ ✓	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.	
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.	
i	Tip Indicates additional information.	
1	Reference to documentation	
A	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
•	Notice or individual step to be observed	
1., 2., 3	Series of steps	
L.	Result of a step	
?	Help in the event of a problem	
(a)	Visual inspection	

1.3.4 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views	A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area	×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)

1.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
0/	Flat-blade screwdriver
A0011220	
06	Phillips head screwdriver
A0011219	
0 6	Allen key
A0011221	
A0011222	Open-ended wrench
AOUTIZZZ	m 1:
	Torx screwdriver
A0013442	

About this document T142

1.5 Registered trademarks

Bluetooth®

The $Bluetooth^{\circledR}$ word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

HART®

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

T142 Safety instructions

2 Safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ▶ Personnel must be authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ▶ Be familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work: personnel must read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Personnel must follow instructions and comply with general policies.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ▶ Personnel are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Personnel follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 Designated use

The device is a universal and user-configurable temperature transmitter with one sensor input for a resistance thermometer (RTD), thermocouples (TC), resistance and voltage transmitters. The device is designed for installation in the field.

If the device is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

2.4 Operational safety

- ▶ Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

Hazardous area

To eliminate a danger for persons or for the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection or safety equipment):

- ▶ Based on the technical data on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area. The nameplate can be found on the side of the transmitter housing.
- ▶ Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of this manual.

Electromagnetic compatibility

The measuring system complies with the general safety requirements and EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR recommendation NE 21.

NOTICE

► The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

Safety instructions T142

2.5 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section.

Function/interface	Factory setting	Recommendation
Write protection via hardware DIP switch.	Not enabled	On an individual basis following risk assessment
User management in the device. For detailed information, see the Operating Instructions for the device	Maintenance	Assign a customized access code during commissioning
Software locking via access code with the Bluetooth® App→ 🖺 26	User name: admin Initial password: serial number of the device	Assign a customized access code during commissioning
Set the Bluetooth® interface via hardware DIP switch.	Bluetooth® interface active	On an individual basis following risk assessment
Set Bluetooth® communication via device configuration.	Bluetooth® interface active	On an individual basis following risk assessment
For detailed information, see the Operating Instructions for the device		

3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

3.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Unpack the temperature transmitter carefully. Is the packaging or content damaged?
 - Damaged components may not be installed as the manufacturer can otherwise not guarantee compliance with the original safety requirements or the material resistance, and can therefore not be held responsible for any resulting damage.
- 2. Is the delivery complete or is anything missing? Check the scope of delivery against your order.
- 3. Does the nameplate match the ordering information on the delivery note?
- 4. Are the technical documentation and all other necessary documents provided? If applicable: are the Safety Instructions for hazardous areas provided?
- ho If one of these conditions is not satisfied, contact the selling agency.

3.2 Product identification

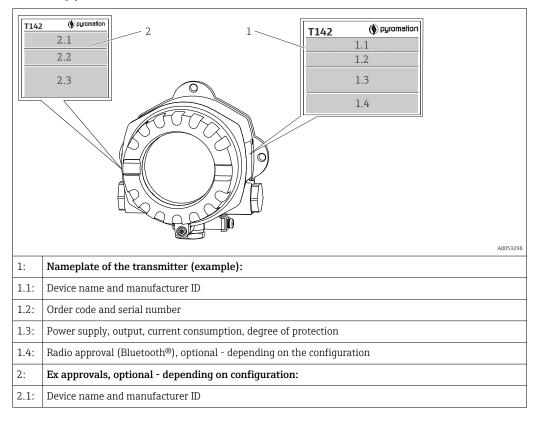
The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note

3.2.1 Nameplate

The right device?

Compare and check the data on the nameplate of the device against the requirements of the measuring point:



2.2:	Order code and serial number
2.3:	Ex approvals

3.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer



Pyromation LLC 5211 Industrial Road Fort Wayne, IN 46825 USA Tel: (260) 484-2580

www.pyromation.com

Certificates and approvals 3.3

HART® protocol certification 3.3.1

The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART® FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the HART® Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7.

3.4 Transport and storage

Carefully remove all the packaging material and protective covers that are part of the transported package.



P Dimensions and operating conditions: → 🖺 49

When storing (and transporting) the device, pack it so that it is reliably protected against impact. The original packaging offers the best protection.

Storage temperature

- Without display: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)
- With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
- With surge arrester module: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)

T142 Mounting

4 Mounting

4.1 Mounting requirements

4.1.1 Dimensions

Dimensions of the device see technical data. → 🖺 49

4.1.2 Mounting location

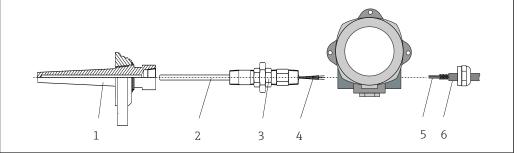
Detailed information about the conditions (such as the ambient temperature, degree of protection, climate class etc.) that must be present at the installation point so that the device can be mounted correctly is provided in the technical data section. $\rightarrow \implies 48$

When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed, please see Ex certificates.

4.2 Mounting the transmitter

4.2.1 Direct sensor mounting

If the sensor is stable, the device can be fitted directly on the sensor. If the sensor is to be mounted at a right angle to the cable gland, swap the dummy plug and cable gland.



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- \blacksquare 1 Direct field transmitter mounting on sensor
- 1 Thermowell
- 2 Insert
- 3 Neck tube nipple and adapter
- 4 Sensor cables
- 5 Fieldbus cables
- 6 Fieldbus shielded cable
- 1. Mount the thermowell and screw down (1).
- 2. Screw the insert with the neck tube nipple and adapter into the transmitter (2). Seal the nipple and adapter thread with silicone tape.
- 3. Guide the sensor cables (4) through the cable gland of the fieldbus transmitter housing into the connection compartment.
- 4. Fit the field transmitter with the insert on the thermowell (1).
- 5. Mount the fieldbus shielded cable or fieldbus connector (6) on the opposite cable gland.
- 6. Guide the fieldbus cables (5) through the cable gland of the fieldbus transmitter housing into the connection compartment.

Mounting T142

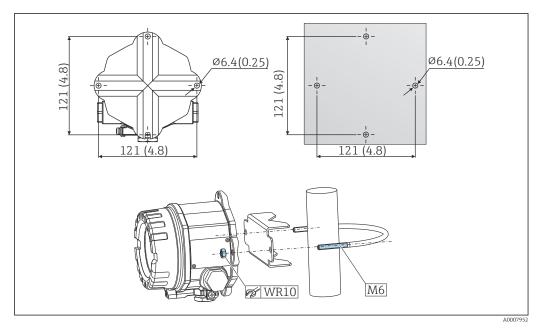
7. Screw the cable gland tight as described in the *Ensuring the degree of protection* section. The cable gland must meet explosion protection requirements. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 19$

4.2.2 Remote mounting

NOTICE

Do not over tighten the mounting screws of the 2" pipe mounting bracket in order to prevent any damage.

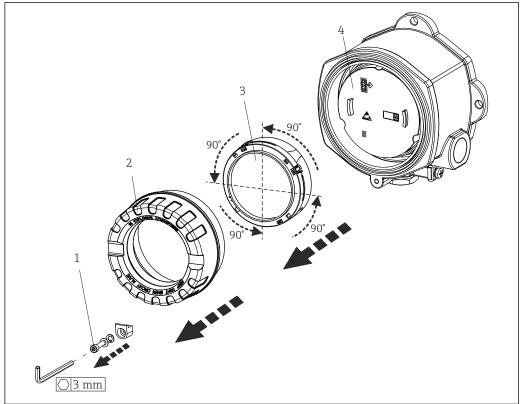
► Maximum torque = 6 Nm (4.43 lbf ft)



 \blacksquare 2 Mounting of the field transmitter via direct wall mounting or with a 2" pipe mounting bracket (316L, available as an accessory). Dimensions in mm (in)

T142 Mounting

4.3 Display mounting



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- \blacksquare 3 4 display installation positions, attachable in 90° stages
- 1 Cover clamp
- 2 Housing cover with O-ring
- 3 Display with fitting kit and twist protection
- 4 Electronics module
- 1. Remove the cover clamp (1).
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover together with the O-ring (2).
- 3. Remove the display with twist protection (3) from the electronics module (4). Fit the display with the fitting kit in the desired position in 90° stages and plug it into the correct slot on the electronics module.
- 4. Clean the thread in the housing cover and housing base and lubricate if necessary. (Recommended lubricant: Klüber Syntheso Glep 1)
- 5. Then screw the housing cover together with the O-ring.
- 6. Fit the cover clamp (1) back on.

4.4 Post-installation check

After installing the device, carry out the following checks:

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	-
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	

Electrical connection T142

5 Electrical connection

5.1 Connecting requirements

A CAUTION

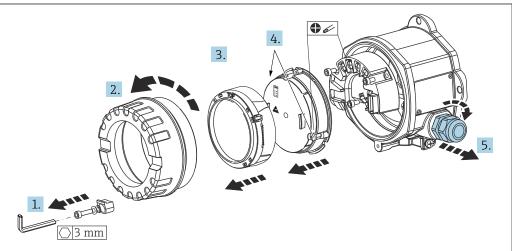
The electronics could be destroyed

- ► Switch off the power supply before installing or connecting the device. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.
- ▶ When connecting Ex-certified devices, please take special note of the instructions and connection schematics in the Ex-specific supplement to these Operating Instructions. Contact the supplier if you have any questions.
- ► Do not occupy the display connection. An incorrect connection can destroy the electronics.

NOTICE

Do not over tighten the screw terminals, as this could damage the transmitter.

► Maximum torque = $1 \text{ Nm } (\frac{3}{4} \text{ lbf ft}).$



A0041651

General procedure for terminal connection:

- 1. Loosen the cover clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover together with the O-ring.
- 3. Remove the display module from the electronics unit.
- 4. Loosen the two fixing screws on the electronics unit and then remove the unit from the housing.
- 5. Open the side cable glands of the device.
- 6. Feed the corresponding connecting cables through the openings of the cable gland.
- 7. Wire the sensor cables and fieldbus/power supply as specified in the 'Connecting the sensor' and 'Connecting the measuring device' sections.

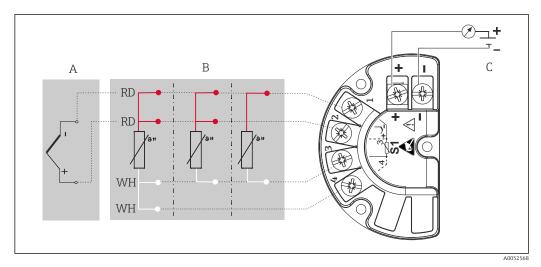
On completion of the wiring, screw the screw terminals tight. Tighten the cable glands again and reassemble the device by following the reverse order of steps. Refer to the information provided in the 'Ensuring the degree of protection' section. Clean the thread in the housing cover and housing base and lubricate if necessary. (Recommended lubricant: Klüber Syntheso Glep 1). Screw the housing cover tight again, fit the cover clamp and fasten.

In order to avoid connection errors always follow the instructions in the postconnection check section before commissioning the device! T142 Electrical connection

5.2 Connecting the sensor

NOTICE

► ▲ ESD - Electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.



 \blacksquare 4 Terminal assignment of the field transmitter

- A Sensor input, thermocouple (TC) and mV
- B Sensor input, RTD and Ω , 4-, 3- and 2-wire
- C Bus terminator and power supply

In the event of a thermocouple (TC) measurement, an RTD Pt100 2-wire sensor can be connected to measure the reference junction temperature. This is connected to terminals 1 and 3. The reference junction used is selected in the menu: **Application** → **Sensor** → **Reference junction**

5.3 Connecting the measuring device

5.3.1 Cable glands or entries

A CAUTION

Risk of damage

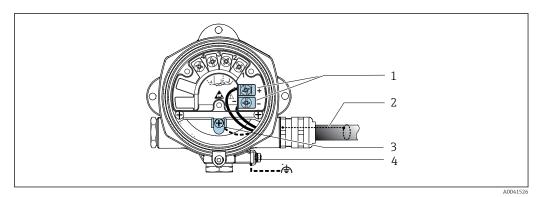
- ▶ If the device has not been grounded as a result of the housing being installed, we recommended grounding it via one of the ground screws. Observe the grounding concept of the plant! Keep the cable shield between the stripped fieldbus cable and the ground terminal as short as possible! Connection of the functional grounding may be needed for functional purposes. Compliance with the electrical codes of individual countries is mandatory.
- ▶ If the shielding of the fieldbus cable is grounded at more than one point in systems that do not have additional potential equalization, mains frequency equalizing currents can occur that damage the cable or the shielding. In such cases the shielding of the fieldbus cable is to be grounded on one side only, i.e. it must not be connected to the ground terminal of the housing. The shield that is not connected should be insulated!

Cable specification

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended for HART® communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- The terminals for the fieldbus connection have integrated polarity protection.
- Cable cross-section: max. 2.5 mm²

Electrical connection T142

Follow the general procedure. $\rightarrow \implies 14$

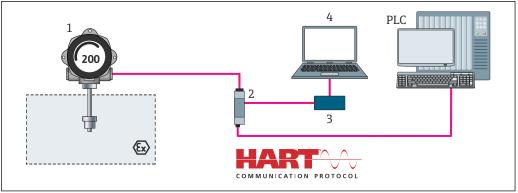


 \blacksquare 5 Connecting the device to the fieldbus cable

- 1 Fieldbus terminals fieldbus communication and power supply
- 2 Shielded fieldbus cable
- 3 Ground terminals, internal
- 4 Ground terminal, external

5.3.2 Connecting the HART® communication resistor

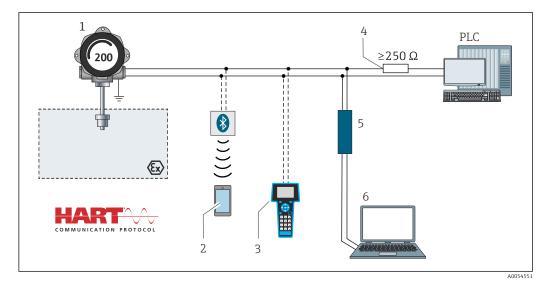
If the HART® communication resistor is not integrated into the power supply unit, it is necessary to incorporate a communication resistor of 250 Ω into the 2-wire cable. For the connection, also refer to the documentation published by the HART® FieldComm Group, particularly HCF LIT 20: "HART, a technical summary".



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- \blacksquare 6 HART® connection with power supply unit, including integrated communication resistor
- 1 Temperature transmitter
- 2 Power supply unit
- 3 HART® Modem
- 4 Operating tool

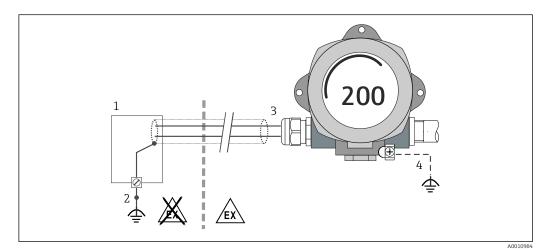
T142 Electrical connection



- 7 HART® connection with other power supply units that do not have a built-in HART® communication resistor
- 1 Temperature transmitter
- 2 Configuration App
- 3 HART® handheld communicator
- 4 HART® communication resistor
- 5 HART® modem
- 6 Operating tool

5.3.3 Shielding and grounding

The specifications of the FieldComm Group must be observed during installation.



 \blacksquare 8 Shielding and grounding the signal cable at one end with HART $^{ ext{@}}$ communication

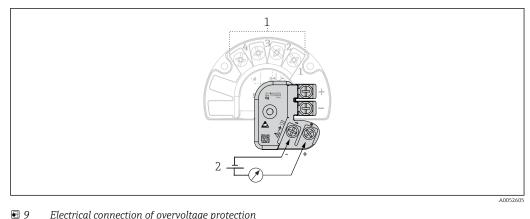
- 1 Supply unit
- 2 Grounding point for HART® communication cable shield
- 3 Grounding of the cable shield at one end
- 4 Optional grounding of the field device, isolated from cable shielding

5.4 Special connection instructions

If the device is fitted with an overvoltage protection module, the bus is connected and the power is supplied via the screw terminals on the overvoltage protection module.

17

Electrical connection T142



Electrical connection of overvoltage protection

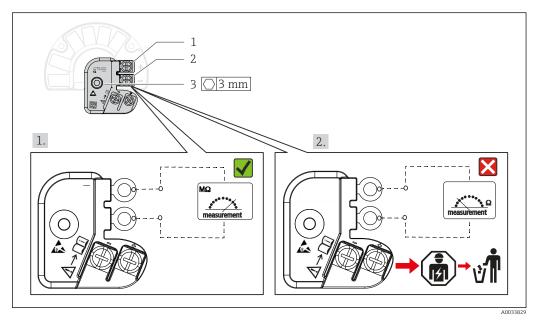
- Sensor connection
- Bus terminator and power supply

Overvoltage protection function test

NOTICE

To perform the function test on the overvoltage protection module correctly:

- ► Remove the overvoltage protection module before performing the test.
- To do so, release screws (1) and (2) with a screwdriver and release securing screw (3) with an Allen key.
- The overvoltage protection module can be lifted off easily.
- ▶ Perform the function test as shown in the following graphic.



Overvoltage protection function test

Ohmmeter in high-impedance range = overvoltage protection working \mathbf{Q} . Ohmmeter in low-impedance range = overvoltage protection defective **⋈**. Inform the manufacturer's service department. Then dispose of the defective overvoltage protection module as electronic waste. For information on device disposal, see the 'Repair' section.

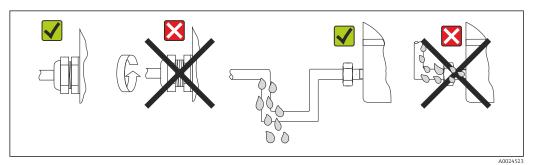
18

T142 Electrical connection

5.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The device meets the requirements for IP67 protection. Compliance with the following points is mandatory following installation in the field or servicing in order to ensure that IP67 protection is maintained:

- The housing seals must be clean and undamaged when inserted into the sealing groove. The seals must be dried, cleaned or replaced if necessary.
- The connecting cables used must have the specified external diameter (e.g. M20x1.5, cable diameter 8 to 12 mm).
- Firmly tighten the cable gland. \rightarrow 11, 19
- The cables must loop down before they enter the cable glands ("water trap"). This means that any moisture that may form cannot enter the gland. Install the device in such a way that the cable glands are not facing upwards. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 11$, $\blacksquare 19$
- Replace unused cable glands with dummy plugs.
- Do not remove the grommet from the cable gland.



■ 11 Connection tips to retain IP67 protection

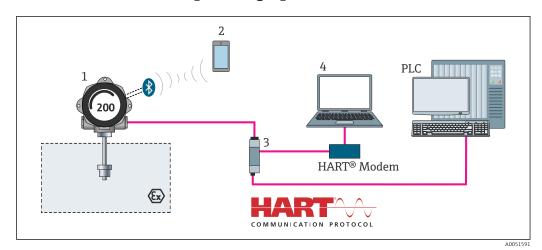
5.6 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Is the device or cable undamaged (visual check)?	
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate?	$U = 11 \text{ to } 36 \text{ V}_{DC}$
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	Visual inspection
Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly?	
Are all the screw terminals sufficiently tightened?	
Are all cable entries mounted, tightened and leaktight?	
Housing cover installed and firmly tightened?	

Operating options T142

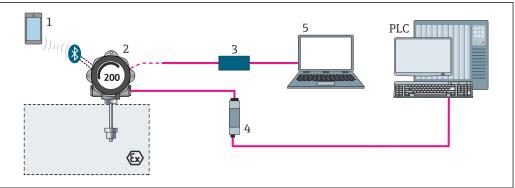
6 Operating options

6.1 Overview of operating options



Operation options for the transmitter via HART® and Bluetooth® communication

- Temperature transmitter
- 2 Configuration App
- 3 Power supply unit
- 4 Operating tool



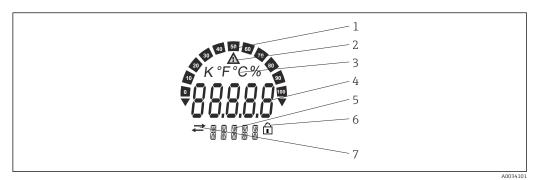
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- Operation options for the transmitter via the CDI interface
- 1 Configuration App
- 2 Temperature transmitter
- 3 Configuration kit
- 4 Power supply unit
- 5 Operating tool

T142 Operating options

6.1.1 Measured value display and operating elements

Display elements



 \blacksquare 14 LC display of the field transmitter (illuminated, can be plugged in 90° steps)

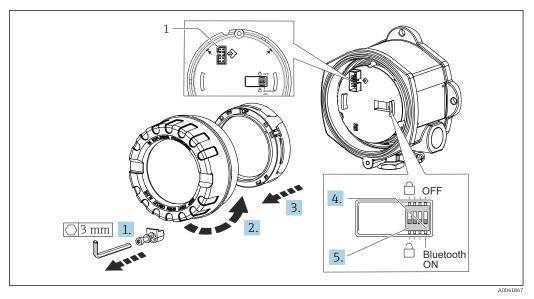
Item no.	Function	Description
1	Bar graph display	In increments of 10% with indicators for underranging and overranging.
2	'Caution' symbol	This is displayed when an error or warning occurs.
3	Unit display K, °F, °C or %	Unit display for the internal measured value displayed.
4	Measured value display, digit height 20.5 mm	Displays the current measured value. In the event of an error or warning, the corresponding diagnostics information is displayed. → 🗎 33 Displays the current measured value. In the event of an error or warning, the corresponding diagnostics information is displayed. Please refer to the relevant Operating Instructions for the device for more information.
5	Status and information display	Indicates which value is currently shown on the display. Text can be entered for every value. In the event of an error or a warning, the sensor input that triggered the error/warning is also displayed where applicable, e.g. SENS1
6	'Configuration locked' symbol	The 'configuration locked' symbol appears when configuration is locked via the hardware or software
7	'Communication' symbol	The communication symbol appears when HART® communication is active.

Local operation

Hardware write protection and the Bluetooth® function can be activated via DIP switches on the electronics module. When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that write protection is on. Write protection prevents any write access to the parameters. When the Bluetooth® function is enabled, the device is ready to communicate with the Field device configurator app via Bluetooth®.

The Bluetooth® function can also be disabled via device configuration. If the Bluetooth® function is disabled via the DIP switch, it cannot be enabled via device configuration. The DIP switch has a higher priority.

Operating options T142



1 CDI interface

Procedure for setting the DIP switch:

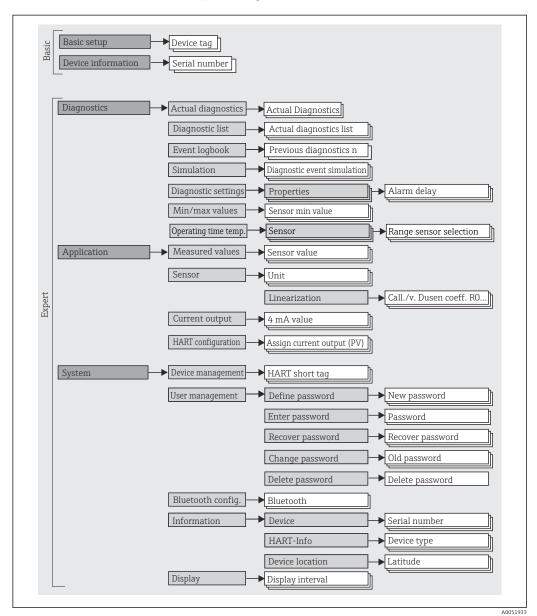
- 1. Remove the cover clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover together with the O-ring.
- 3. If necessary, remove the display with the fitting kit from the electronics module.
- 4. Configure the Bluetooth® function accordingly using the DIP switch. In general, the following applies: switch to ON = function enabled, switch to OFF = function disabled.
- 5. Configure the hardware write protection accordingly using the DIP switch. In general, the following applies: switch set to closed lock symbol = function enabled, switch set to open lock symbol = function disabled.

Once the hardware setting has been made, re-assemble the housing cover in the reverse order.

T142 Operating options

6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu



User roles

The role-based access concept consists of two hierarchical levels for the user and presents the various user roles with defined read/write authorizations.

Operating options T142

Operator

The plant operator can only change settings that do not affect the application - and particularly the measuring path - and simple, application-specific functions that are used during operation. The operator is able to read all the parameters, however.

Maintenance

The **Maintenance** user role refers to configuration situations: commissioning and process adaptations as well as troubleshooting. It allows the user to configure and modify all available parameters. In contrast to the **Operator** user role, in the Maintenance role the user has read and write access to all the parameters.

Changing the user role

A user role - and therefore existing read and write authorization - is changed by selecting the desired user role (already pre-selected depending on the operating tool) and entering the correct password when subsequently prompted. When a user logs out, system access always returns to the lowest level in the hierarchy. A user is logged out either by actively selecting the logout function when operating the device or is logged out automatically if the device is not operated for a period of over 600 seconds. Irrespective of this, actions that are already in progress (e.g. active upload/download, data logging, etc.) continue to be executed in the background.

As-delivered state

The **Operator** user role is not enabled when the device is delivered from the factory, i.e. the **Maintenance** role is the lowest level in the hierarchy ex-works. This state makes it possible to commission the device and make other process adaptations without having to enter a password. Afterwards, a password can be assigned for the **Maintenance** user role to protect this configuration. The **Operator** user role is not visible when the device is delivered from the factory.

Password

The **Maintenance** user role can assign a password in order to restrict access to device functions. This activates the **Operator** user role, which is now the lowest hierarchy level where the user is not asked to enter a password. The password can only be changed or disabled in the **Maintenance** user role. A password can be defined at different points in the operation of the device:

In the menu Guidance \rightarrow Commissioning wizard: as part of guided device operation In the menu: System \rightarrow User management T142 Operating options

Submenus

Menu	Typical tasks	Content/meaning
"Diagnostics"	Fault elimination: Diagnosing and eliminating process errors. Fror diagnostics in difficult cases. Interpretation of device error messages and correcting associated errors.	Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors: Diagnostic list Contains up to 3 error messages currently pending Event logbook Contains the last 10 error messages "Simulation" submenu Used to simulate measured values, output values or diagnostic messages "Diagnostic settings" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring error events "Min/max values" submenu Contains the minimum/maximum indicator and the reset option Operating time temperature range Contains the lengths of time the sensor was operated in the predefined temperature ranges
"Application"	Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement. Configuration of data processing (scaling, linearization, etc.). Configuration of the analog measured value output. Tasks during operation: Reading measured values.	Contains all parameters for commissioning: "Measured values" submenu Contains all the current measured values "Sensor" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring the measurement "Output" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring the analog current output "HART configuration" submenu Contains the settings and the most important parameters for HART communication
"System"	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the system administration of the device: Optimum adaptation of the measurement for system integration. Detailed configuration of the communication interface. User and access administration, password control Information concerning device identification HART information, and display configuration	Contains all the higher-level device parameters that are assigned for system, device and user management, including Bluetooth configuration. "Device management" submenu Contains parameters for general device management "Bluetooth configuration" submenu (option) Contains the function for enabling/disabling the Bluetooth® interface "Device and user management" submenus Parameters for access authorization, password assignment, etc. "Information" submenu Contains all the parameters for the unique identification of the device "Display" submenu Configuration of the display

6.3 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

6.3.1 Field Device Configurator (FDC) Tool

Function scope

The FDC Tool is a configuration tool that is available free of charge. The devices can be connected directly via a modem (point-to-point). The tool is fast, easy and intuitive to use. It can run on a PC, laptop or tablet with a Windows operating system.

Source for device description files

www.pyromation.com/TechInfo/Software.aspx



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Operating options T142

6.4 Access to the operating menu via the Wireless Field Device Configurator App



The device, which is equipped with optional Bluetooth communication electronics, can be operated and configured via the Wireless Field Device Configurator (FDC) app. The connection is established via the Bluetooth® interface.

Prerequisite:

A005170

A smartphone or tablet with the FDC app installed.

Supported functions

- Device selection in Live List and access to the device (login)
- · Configuration of the device
- Access to measured values, device status and diagnostic information

The FDC app is available for free download for Android devices (Google Playstore) and iOS devices (iTunes Apple Shop): Field Device Configurator

Directly to the app with the QR code:



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Download the FDC app:

- 1. Install and start the FDC app.
 - ► A Live List shows all the devices available.
- 2. Select the device from the Live List.
 - The Login dialog box opens.

Logging in:

- 3. Enter the user name: **admin**
- 4. Enter the initial password: serial number of the device.
- 5. Confirm your entry.
 - The device information opens.
- Navigate through the various items of information about the device: swipe the screen to the side.
- The range under reference conditions is:
 - 10 m (33 ft) when installed in the terminal head or field housing with a display window or DIN rail transmitter
 - 5 m (16.4 ft) when installed in the terminal head or field housing
- Incorrect operation by unauthorized persons is prevented by means of encrypted communication and password encryption
- The Bluetooth[®] interface can be deactivated.
- The transmitter's optional Bluetooth interface is only active if a display unit is not attached or the CDI interface is not used for device configuration.

T142 System integration

7 System integration

Version data for the device

Firmware version	03.01.zz	 On the title page of the Operating Instructions On the nameplate Firmware version parameter Diagnostics → Device info→ Firmware version 	
Manufacturer ID	181 (0xB5)	Manufacturer ID parameter Diagnostics → Device info→ Manufacturer ID	
Device type ID	0xB584	Device type parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Device type	
HART protocol revision	7		
Device revision	3	 On the transmitter nameplate Device revision parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision 	

7.1 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variable	Measured value
Primary device variable (PV)	Sensor 1
Secondary device variable (SV)	Device temperature
Tertiary device variable (TV)	Sensor 1
Quaternary device variable (QV)	Sensor 1

7.2 Supported HART® commands

The HART® protocol enables the transfer of measuring data and device data between the HART® master and the field device for configuration and diagnostics purposes. HART® masters such as the handheld terminal or PC-based operating programs (e.g. FieldCare) need device description files (DD, DTM) which are used to access all the information in a HART® device. This information is transmitted exclusively via "commands".

There are three different types of command

• Universal commands:

All HART® devices support and use universal commands. These are associated with the following functionalities for example:

- Recognition of HART® devices
- Reading digital measured values
- Common practice commands:

Common practice commands offer functions which are supported and can be executed by many but not all field devices.

■ Device-specific commands:

These commands allow access to device-specific functions which are not HART® standard. Such commands access individual field device information, among other things.

Command No.	Designation
Universal commands	3
0, Cmd0	Read unique identifier
1, Cmd001	Read primary variable

System integration T142

Command No.	Designation
2, Cmd002	Read loop current and percent of range
3, Cmd003	Read dynamic variables and loop current
6, Cmd006	Write polling address
7, Cmd007	Read loop configuration
8, Cmd008	Read dynamic variable classifications
9, Cmd009	Read device variables with status
11, Cmd011	Read unique identifier associated with TAG
12, Cmd012	Read message
13, Cmd013	Read TAG, descriptor, date
14, Cmd014	Read primary variable transducer information
15, Cmd015	Read device information
16, Cmd016	Read final assembly number
17, Cmd017	Write message
18, Cmd018	Write TAG, descriptor, date
19, Cmd019	Write final assembly number
20, Cmd020	Read long TAG (32-byte TAG)
21, Cmd021	Read unique identifier associated with long TAG
22, Cmd022	Write long TAG (32-byte TAG)
38, Cmd038	Reset configuration changed flag
48, Cmd048	Read additional device status
Common practice co	mmands
33, Cmd033	Read device variables
34, Cmd034	Write primary variable damping value
35, Cmd035	Write primary variable range values
40, Cmd040	Enter/Exit fixed current mode
42, Cmd042	Perform device reset
44, Cmd044	Write primary variable units
45, Cmd045	Trim loop current zero
46, Cmd046	Trim loop current gain
50, Cmd050	Read dynamic variable assignments
54, Cmd054	Read device variable information
59, Cmd059	Write number of response preambles
72, Cmd072	Squawk
95, Cmd095	Read device communications statistics
100, Cmd100	Write primary variable alarm code
516, Cmd516	Read device location
517, Cmd517	Write device location
518, Cmd518	Read location description
519, Cmd519	Write location description
520, Cmd520	Read process unit tag
521, Cmd521	Write process unit tag
523, Cmd523	Read condensed status mapping array
524, Cmd524	Write condensed status mapping array
	1

T142 System integration

Command No.	Designation
525, Cmd525	Reset condensed status mapping array
526, Cmd526	Write simulation mode
527, Cmd527	Simulate status bit

Commissioning T142

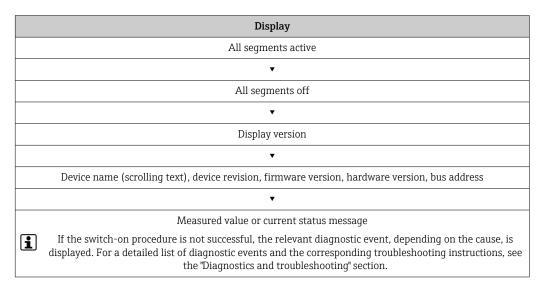
8 Commissioning

8.1 Post-installation check

All the final checks must be performed before the measuring point is put into operation:

8.2 Switching on the transmitter

Once you have completed the post-connection checks, switch on the supply voltage. The transmitter performs a number of internal test functions after power-up. During this process, the following sequence of messages appears on the display:



The device works after approx. 7 seconds. Normal measuring mode commences as soon as the switch-on procedure is completed. Measured values and status values appear on the display.

8.3 Configuring the measuring device

8.3.1 Enabling configuration

If the device is locked and the parameter settings cannot be changed, it must first be enabled via the hardware or software lock. The device is write-protected if the lock symbol is shown on the display.

To unlock the device

- either switch the write protection switch on the electronics module to the "ON" (open lock symbol) position (hardware write protection), or
- deactivate the software write protection via the operating tool. See the description for the 'User management' submenu.
- When hardware write protection is active (write protection switch set to the position with the closed lock symbol), write protection cannot be disabled via the operating tool. Hardware write protection must always be disabled before software write protection can be enabled or disabled via the operating tool.

Diagnostics and troubleshooting 9

General troubleshooting 9.1

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after startup or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.



In the event of a serious fault, the device might have to be returned to the manufacturer for repair. Refer to the "Return" section before the device is returned to the manufacturer.

General errors

Error	Possible cause	Remedy
Device is not responding.	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Check the voltage at the transmitter directly using a voltmeter and correct.
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Check the contacting of the cables and terminals and correct if necessary.
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.
Output current < 3.6 mA	Signal line is not wired correctly.	Check wiring.
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.
HART communication is not working.	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (250 Ω) correctly.
	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.
	Commubox is not set to "HART".	Set Commubox selector switch to "HART".

↓

Check display (local display)		
Display is blank - no connection to the HART host system.	 Check the supply voltage → terminals + and - Measuring electronics defective → order spare part 	
Display is blank - however, connection has been established to the HART host system.	 Check whether the display module fitting kit is correctly seated on the electronics module →	

↓

Local error messages on the display	
→ 🗎 33	

lacksquare

Faulty connection to the fieldbus host system		
Error	Possible cause	Remedy
HART communication is	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (250 Ω) correctly.
not working.	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.

lacksquare

Error messages in the configuration software	
→ 🖺 33	

Application errors without status messages for RTD sensor connection

Error	Possible cause	Remedy
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the installed length of the sensor.
	Device programming is incorrect (number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.
Measured value is incorrect/	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.
maccurate	Incorrect RTD configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.
	Sensor connection.	Check that the sensor is connected correctly.
	The cable resistance of the sensor (2-wire) was not compensated.	Compensate the cable resistance.
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.
	RTD connected incorrectly.	Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).
Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21 mA)	Device programming is incorrect (e.g. number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.
	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.

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$Application\ errors\ without\ status\ messages\ for\ TC\ sensor\ connection$

Error	Possible cause	Remedy			
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.			
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the installed length of the sensor.			
	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.			
Measured value is incorrect/inaccurate	Incorrect thermocouple type (TC) configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.			
	Incorrect reference junction set.	Set the correct reference junction .			
	Interference via the thermocouple wire welded in the thermowell (interference voltage coupling).	Use a sensor where the thermocouple wire is not welded.			
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.			
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.			
Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or	Sensor is connected incorrectly.	Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).			
≥ 21 mA)	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.			

9.2 Diagnostic information on local display

- If a valid measured value is not available, the display alternates between "- -- -" and the status signal plus the diagnostics number and the '∆'symbol.
- If a valid measured value is present, the display alternates between the status signal plus the diagnostics number (7-segment display) and the primary measured value (PV) with the '∆' symbol.

9.3 Diagnostic information via communication interface

NOTICE

Status signals and diagnostic behavior can be configured manually for certain diagnostic events. If a diagnostic event occurs, however, it is not guaranteed that the measured values are valid for the event and comply with the process for the status signals S and M and the diagnostic behavior: 'Warning' and Disabled'.

▶ Reset the status signal assignment to the factory setting.

Status signals

Letter/ symbol 1)	Event category	Meaning
F 🚫	Operating error	An operating error has occurred.
C 🔻	Service mode	The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification	The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning processes).
M♦	Maintenance required	Maintenance is required.
N -	Not categorized	

1) As per NAMUR NE107

Diagnostic behavior

Alarm	Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs adopt the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.
Disabled	The diagnosis is completely disabled even if the device is not recording a measured value.

9.4 Diagnostic list

If several diagnostic events are pending at the same time, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is displayed. Additional pending diagnostic messages are shown in the **Diagnostic list** submenu . The status signal dictates the priority in which the diagnostic messages are displayed. The following order of priority applies: F, C, S, M. If two or more diagnostic events with the same status signal are active simultaneously, the numerical order of the event number dictates the order of priority in which the events are displayed, e.g.: F042 appears before F044 and before S044.

9.5 Event logbook

Previous diagnostic messages are displayed in the **Event logbook** submenu. $\rightarrow \triangleq 57$

9.6 Overview of diagnostic events

Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain event behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events.

Example:

		Settings		Device behavior			
Configuration examples	Diagnostic number	Status signal	Diagnostic behavior from the factory	Status signal (output via HART® communication)	Current output	PV,status	Display
1. Default setting	047	S	Warning	S	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	S047
2. Manual setting: status signal S changed to F	047	F	Warning	F	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	F047
3. Manual setting: Warning diagnostic behavior changed to Alarm	047	S	Alarm	S	Configured failure current	Measured value, BAD	S047
4. Manual setting: Warning changed to Disabled	047	S 1)	Disabled	_ 2)	Last valid measured value ³⁾	Last valid measured value, GOOD	S047

- 1) Setting is not relevant.
- 2) Status signal is not displayed.
- 3) The failure current is output if no valid measured value is available.

Diagnostic number	Short text	Corrective measure	Status signal from the factory	Customizable 1) Not customizable	Diagnosti c behavior from the factory	Customizable 2) Not customizable
		Diagnostics for the sensor				
041	Sensor interrupted	Check electrical wiring. Replace sensor. Check connection type.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
042	Sensor corroded	Check sensor. Replace sensor.	М	✓	Warning	✓
043	Short-circuit	 Check electrical connection. Check sensor. Replace sensor or cable. 	F	✓	Alarm	✓
047	Sensor limit reached, sensor n	Check sensor. Check process conditions.	S	✓	Warning	\checkmark
145	Compensation reference point	Check terminal temperature. Check external reference point.	F	✓	Alarm	\checkmark
		Diagnostics for the electronics				
201	Electronics faulty	Restart device. Replace electronics.	F	X	Alarm	X
221	Reference sensor defective	Replace device.	М	✓	Alarm	X
		Diagnostics for the configuration	ı			
401	Factory reset active	Factory reset active, please wait.	С	X	Warning	X

Diagnostic number	Short text	Corrective measure	Status signal from the factory	Customizable Not customizable	Diagnosti c behavior from the factory	Customizable Not customizable
402	Initialization is active	Initialization active, please wait.	С	X	Warning	×
410	Data transfer failed	Check connection. Retry data transfer.	F	X	Alarm	X
411	Upload/download active	Upload/download active, please wait.	С	X	Warning	×
435	Linearization incorrect	Check linearization.	F	X	Alarm	×
485	Simulation of the process variable is active	Deactivate simulation.	С	X	Warning	×
491	Current output simulation	Deactivate simulation.	С	✓	Warning	✓
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation.	С	✓	Warning	✓
531	Factory calibration missing	Contact service. Replace device.	F	X	Alarm	×
537	Configuration	Check device configuration Upload and download new configuration. (In case of current output: check configuration of analog output.)	F	X	Alarm	X
582	Sensor diagnostics TC deactivated	Switch on diagnostics for thermocouple measurement	С	X	Warning	X
		Diagnostics for the process	,	<u>'</u>		
801	Supply voltage too low 3)	Increase supply voltage.	S	✓	Alarm	X
825	Operating temperature	Check ambient temperature. Check process temperature.	S	✓	Warning	✓
844	Process value out of specification	Check process value. Check application. Check sensor. Check scaling of analog output	S	√	Warning	√

- 1) Can be set to F, C, S, M, N
- 2) Can be set to 'Alarm', 'Warning' and 'Disabled'
- 3) With this diagnostic event, the device always outputs a "low" alarm status (output current \leq 3.6 mA).

9.7 Firmware history

Revision history

The firmware version (FW) on the nameplate and in the Operating Instructions indicates the device release: XX.YY.ZZ (example 01.02.01).

XX Change to main version. No longer compatible. The device and

Operating Instructions change.

YY Change to functions and operation. Compatible. The Operating

Instructions change.

ZZ Fixes and internal changes. No changes to the Operating Instructions.

Maintenance and cleaning T142

10 Maintenance and cleaning

No special maintenance work is required for the device.

A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.

11 Repair

11.1 General information

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired.

11.2 Spare parts

Contact the supplier for information on available spare parts. Always quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts.

11.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Ask your supplier for information on returning the device.
- 2. Return the device if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong device was ordered or delivered.

11.4 Disposal



If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

12 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered separately from your supplier, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question can be obtained from your service organization. When ordering accessories, please specify the serial number of the device!

12.1 Device-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Dummy plug	½" NPT
Cable glands	NPT 1/2"

T142 Accessories

Accessories	Description
Pipe mounting bracket	For 2" pipe 316L
Overvoltage protection	The module protects the electronics from overvoltage.

12.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
FDC Tool	The FDC Tool is a configuration tool that is available free of charge. The devices can be connected directly via a CDI interface cable (point-to-point). It is fast, easy and intuitive to use. It can run on a PC, laptop or tablet with a Windows operating system.

Technical data T142

13 Technical data

13.1 Input

Measured variable

Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior), resistance and voltage.

Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard	Designation	α	Measuring range limits	Min. span
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1) Pt200 (2) Pt500 (3) Pt1000 (4)	0.003851	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F) -200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	0.003916	-200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6) Ni120 (7)	0.006180	-60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F) -60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8) Pt100 (9)	0.003910	-185 to +1100 °C (-301 to +2012 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
OIML R84: 2003,	Cu50 (10) Cu100 (11)	0.004280	-180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12) Ni120 (13)	0.006170	-60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F) -60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	0.004260	−50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
-	Pt100 (Callendar van Dusen) Nickel polynomial Copper polynomial	-	The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO.	10 K (18 °F)
	 Connection type: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤ 0.3 mA With 2-wire circuit, compensation of wire resistance possible (0 to 30 Ω) With 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire 			
Resistance transmitter	Resistance Ω		10 to 400 Ω 10 to 2000 Ω	10 Ω 10 Ω

Thermocouples as per standard Designation		Measuring range limits		Min. span
IEC 60584, Part 1 ASTM E230-3	Type A (W5Re-W20Re) (30) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) (31) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) (34) Type J (Fe-CuNi) (35) Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) (37) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) (38) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) Type T (Cu-CuNi) (40)	0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +40 to +1820 °C (+104 to +3308 °F) -250 to +1000 °C (-482 to +1832 °F) -210 to +1200 °C (-346 to +2192 °F) -270 to +1372 °C (-454 to +2501 °F) -270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -200 to +400 °C (-328 to +752 °F)	Recommended temperature range: 0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F) -150 to +1000 °C (-238 to +1832 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) -150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	50 K (90 °F) 50 K (90 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1 ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	Type C (W5Re-W26Re) (32)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
ASTM E988-96	Type D (W3Re-W25Re) (33)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
DIN 43710	Type L (Fe-CuNi) (41) Type U (Cu-CuNi) (42)	-200 to +900 °C (-328 to +1652 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F)	-150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F) -150 to +600 °C (-238 to +1112 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
GOST R8.585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)	−200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1472 °F)	-200 to +800 °C (+328 to +1472 °F)	50 K (90 °F)

Thermocouples as per standard	Designation	Measuring range limits	Min. span
	 Reference junction: internal, with preset value -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) or with external sensor Maximum sensor wire resistance 10 kΩ (If the sensor wire resistance is greater than 10 kΩ, an error message is output in accordance with NAMUR NE89.) 		
Voltage transmitter (mV)	Millivolt transmitter (mV)	-20 to 100 mV	5 mV

13.2 Output

Output signal

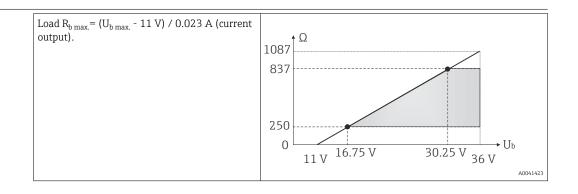
Analog output	4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA (can be inverted)
Signal encoding	FSK ±0.5 mA via current signal
Data transmission rate	1200 baud
Galvanic isolation	U = 2 kV AC for 1 minute (input/output)

Failure information

Failure information as per NAMUR NE43:

Failure information is created if the measuring information is missing or not valid. A complete list of all the errors occurring in the measuring system is created.		
Underranging	Linear decrease from 4.0 to 3.8 mA	
Overranging	Linear increase from 20.0 to 20.5 mA	
Failure e.g. sensor failure; sensor short-circuit	\leq 3.6 mA ("low") or \geq 21 mA ("high"), can be selected The "high" alarm setting can be set between 21.5 mA and 23 mA, thus providing the flexibility needed to meet the requirements of various control systems.	

Load



Linearization/transmission behavior

 $Temperature-linear, \, resistance-linear, \, voltage-linear$

Network frequency filter

50/60 Hz

Filter

1st order digital filter: 0 to 120 s

Protocol-specific data

Manufacturer ID	181 (0xB5)
Device type ID	0xB584
HART® specification	7
Device address in multi-drop mode	Software setting addresses 0 to 63

Technical data T142

Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under: www.fieldcommgroup.org
HART load	min. 250 Ω
HART device variables	Measured value for primary value (PV) Sensor (measured value)
	Measured values for SV, TV, QV (secondary, tertiary and quaternary variable) SV: device temperature TV: sensor (measured value) QV: sensor (measured value)
Supported functions	SquawkCondensed status

Wireless HART data

Minimum starting voltage	11 V _{DC}
Start-up current	3.58 mA
Start-up time until HART communication is possible	2 s
Start-up time until measured value is available	7 s
Minimum operating voltage	11 V _{DC}
Multidrop current	4.0 mA

Write protection for device parameters

- Hardware: write protection via DIP switch
- Software: user role-based concept (password assignment)

Switch-on delay

- ≤ 2 s until the start of HART® communication.
- ≤ 7 s until the first valid measured value signal is present at the current output.

While switch-on delay: $I_a \le 3.8 \text{ mA}$.

13.3 Power supply

Supply voltage

Values for non-hazardous areas, protected against polarity reversal:

 $U = 11 \text{ to } 36 \text{ V}_{DC} \text{ (standard)}$

Values for hazardous areas, see Ex documentation.

Current	consumption
---------	-------------

Current consumption	3.6 to 23 mA
Minimum current consumption	≤ 3.5 mA, Multidrop mode 4 mA
Current limit	≤ 23 mA

Terminals

2.5 mm² (12 AWG) plus ferrule

Overvoltage protection

The surge arrester can be ordered as an optional extra. The module protects the electronics from damage from overvoltage. Overvoltage occurring in signal cables (e.g. 4 to 20 mA,

communication lines (fieldbus systems) and power supply is diverted to ground. The functionality of the transmitter is not affected as no problematic voltage drop occurs.

Connection data:

Maximum continuous voltage (rated voltage)	$U_{C} = 36 V_{DC}$
Nominal current	I = 0.5 A at T _{amb.} = 80 °C (176 °F)
Surge current resistance • Lightning surge current D1 (10/350 μs) • Nominal discharge current C1/C2 (8/20 μs)	 I_{imp} = 1 kA (per wire) I_n = 5 kA (per wire) I_n = 10 kA (total)
Series resistance per wire	1.8 Ω, tolerance ±5 %

13.4 Performance characteristics

Response time

Resistance thermometer (RTD) and resistance transmitter (Ω measurement)	≤ 1 s
Thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters (mV)	≤1s
Reference temperature	≤ 1 s



When recording step responses, it must be taken into account that the times of the internal reference measuring point are added to the specified times where applicable.

Reference operating conditions

- Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F)
- Supply voltage: 24 V DC
- Four-wire circuit for resistance compensation

Maximum measurement error

In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference operating conditions specified above. The measurement error data corresponds to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution). The data includes non-linearities and repeatability.

ME = measurement error

MV = measured value

LRV = start of measuring range value for the specific sensor

Typical

Standard Designation Measuring range			Typical measurement erro	r (±)
Resistance thermometer (RTI) as per standard	Digital value ¹⁾	Value at current output	
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1)		0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt1000 (4)	0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F)	0.14 °C (0.25 °F)	0.15 °C (0.27 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)		0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)
Thermocouples (TC) as per standard			Digital value ¹⁾	Value at current output
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36)		0.41 °C (0.74 °F)	0.47 °C (0.85 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39)	0 to +800 °C (32 to +1472 °F)	1.83 °C (3.29 °F)	1.84 °C (3.31 °F)
GOST R8.585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)		2.45 °C (4.41 °F)	2.46 °C (4.43 °F)

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

Technical data T142

Measurement error for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Measurement error (±)		
		Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾		
			Based on measured value 3)		
	Pt100 (1)	−200 to +850 °C	ME = ± (0.06 °C (0.11 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))		
IEC 60751:2008	Pt200 (2)	(−328 to +1562 °F)	ME = ± (0.13 °C (0.234 °F) + 0.011% * (MV - LRV))		
IEC 007 31.2000	Pt500 (3)	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	ME = ± (0.19 °C (0.342 °F) + 0.008% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (=	
	Pt1000 (4)	-200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F)	ME = ± (0.11 °C (0.198 °F) + 0.007% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μA)	
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	ME = ± (0.11 °C (0.198 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))		
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8)	−185 to +1 100 °C (−301 to +2 012 °F)	ME = ± (0.15 °C (0.27 °F) + 0.008% * (MV - LRV))		
GO31 0031-94	Pt100 (9)	−200 to +850 °C (−328 to +1562 °F)	ME = ± (0.09 °C (0.16 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))		
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6)	−60 to +250 °C (−76 to +482 °F)	ME = ± (0.11 °C (0.198 °F) - 0.004% * (MV - LRV))		
DIN 45700 IP15-06	Ni120 (7)	-00 t0 +230 C (-70 t0 +462 F)			
Cu50 (10)		−180 to +200 °C (−292 to +392 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.13 ^{\circ}C (0.234 ^{\circ}F) + 0.006\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	0.03 % (≘	
OIML R84: 2003 /	Cu100 (11)	−180 to +200 °C (−292 to +392 °F)	ME = ± (0.14 °C (0.252 °F) + 0.003% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μA)	
GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12)	-60 to +180 °C (−76 to +356 °F)	ME = ± (0.16 °C (0.288 °F) - 0.004% * (MV - LRV))		
	Ni120 (13)	-00 to 100 C (-70 to 1330 F)	ME = ± (0.11 °C (0.198 °F) - 0.004% * (MV - LRV))		
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	$0 (14) \qquad -50 \text{ to } +200 \text{ °C } (-58 \text{ to } +392 \text{ °F}) \qquad \text{ME} = \pm (0.14 \text{ °C } (0.252 \text{ °F}) + 0.0 \text{ or } -1.0 $			
Resistance transmitter	e transmitter Resistance Ω 10 to 400 Ω		$ME = \pm 37 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.0032 \% * MV$	0.03 % (≘	
		10 to 2 000 Ω	ME = ± 180 mΩ + 0.006 % * MV	4.8 μΑ)	

- 1) Measured value transmitted via $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HART}}^{\ensuremath{\$}}.$
- Percentages based on the configured measuring span of the analog output signal. Deviations from maximum measurement error possible due to rounding.
- 2) 3)

Measurement error for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Measurement error (±)	
			Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
			Based on measured value 3)	
IEC 60584-1 / ASTM	Type A (30)	0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4 532 °F)	$ME = \pm (1.0 ^{\circ}C (1.8 ^{\circ}F) + 0.026\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
E230-3	Туре В (31)	+500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F)	ME = ± (3.0 °C (5.4 °F) - 0.09% * (MV - LRV))	
IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	Туре С (32)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	ME = \pm (0.9 °C (1.62 °F) + 0.0055% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘
ASTM E988-96	Type D (33)		ME = ± (1.1 °C (1.98 °F) - 0.016% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μA)
	Type E (34)	−150 to +1 000 °C (−238 to +1832 °F)	ME = ± (0.4 °C (0.72 °F) - 0.012% * (MV - LRV))	
	Type J (35)	−150 to +1200 °C	ME - + (0.5 °C (0.0 °E) - 0.010/ * (MV/ - I.DV/)	
IEC 60584-1 / ASTM	Туре К (36)	(-238 to +2 192 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 ^{\circ}C (0.9 ^{\circ}F) - 0.01\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
E230-3	Type N (37)	−150 to +1300 °C (−238 to +2372 °F)	ME = ± (0.7 °C (1.26 °F) - 0.025% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘
	Type R (38)	+50 to +1768 ℃	$ME = \pm (1.6 ^{\circ}C (2.88 ^{\circ}F) - 0.04\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	4.8 μA)
	Type S (39)	(+122 to +3214°F)	$ME = \pm (1.6 ^{\circ}\text{C} (2.88 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.03\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Measurement error (±)	
			Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
	Type T (40)	-150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 ^{\circ}C (0.9 ^{\circ}F) - 0.05\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
DINI 42710	Type L (41)	−150 to +900 °C (−238 to +1652 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 ^{\circ}C (0.9 ^{\circ}F) - 0.016\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
DIN 43710	Type U (42)	−150 to +600 °C (−238 to +1112 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 ^{\circ}C (0.9 ^{\circ}F) - 0.04\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
GOST R8.585-2001	Type L (43)	−200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1472 °F)	$ME = \pm (2.3 ^{\circ}C (4.14 ^{\circ}F) - 0.015 \% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$	
Voltage transmitter (mV)		-20 to +100 mV	$ME = \pm 10.0 \mu V$	4.8 μΑ

- 1) Measured value transmitted via HART®.
- 2) Percentages based on the configured measuring span of the analog output signal.
- 3) Deviations from maximum measurement error possible due to rounding.

Total measurement error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Measurement error D/A}^2)}$

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F), ambient temperature +25 °C (+77 °F), supply voltage 24 V:

Measurement error digital = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{\circ}\text{x} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$:	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Measurement error D/A = $0.03 \% \times 200 \degree C (360 \degree F)$	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Measurement error digital value (HART):	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Measurement error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Measurement error D/A}^2)}$	0.10 °C (0.18 °F)

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F), ambient temperature +35 °C (+95 °F), supply voltage 30 V:

Measurement error digital = 0.06 °C + 0.006% x (200 °C - (-200 °C)):	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Measurement error D/A = 0.03 % x 200 °C (360 °F)	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (digital) = (35–25) x (0.0013% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.003 °C	0.05 ℃ (0.09 ℉)
Influence of ambient temperature (D/A) = $(35-25) \times (0.003\% \times 200 ^{\circ}\text{C})$	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Influence of supply voltage (digital) = (30–24) x (0.0007% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.002 °C	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)
Influence of supply voltage (D/A) = $(30-24) \times (0.003\% \times 200 ^{\circ}\text{C})$	0.04 °C (0.72 °F)
Measurement error digital value (HART): $\sqrt{ \text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Influence of ambient temperature (digital)}^2 + \text{Influence of supply voltage (digital)}^2 }$	0.10 °C (0.14 °F)
Measurement error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\ (Measurement\ error\ digital)^2 + Measurement\ error\ D/A^2 + Influence\ of\ ambient\ temperature\ (digital)^2 + Influence\ of\ ambient\ temperature\ (D/A)^2 + Influence\ of\ supply\ voltage\ (D/A)^2}$	0.13 °C (0.23 °F)

The measurement error corresponds to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution)

Physical input measuring range of sensors	
10 to 400 Ω	Cu50, Cu100, polynomial RTD, Pt50, Pt100, Ni100, Ni120

Technical data T142

10 to 2 000 Ω	Pt200, Pt500
-20 to 100 mV	Thermocouples type: A, B, C, D, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U

Sensor adjustment

Sensor-transmitter-matching

RTD sensors are one of the most linear temperature measuring elements. Nevertheless, the output must be linearized. To significantly improve temperature measurement accuracy, the device allows the use of two methods:

■ Callendar van Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer) The Callendar van Dusen equation is described as: $R_T = R_0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.

■ Linearization for copper/nickel resistance thermometers (RTD) The polynomial equation for copper/nickel is as follows: $R_T = R_0(1+AT+BT^2)$

The coefficients A and B are used for the linearization of nickel or copper resistance thermometers (RTD). The exact values of the coefficients derive from the calibration data and are specific to each sensor. The sensor-specific coefficients are then sent to the transmitter.

Sensor-transmitter-matching using one of the methods mentioned above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

1-point adjustment (offset)

Shifts the sensor value

Current output adjustment

Correction of the 4 and/or 20 mA current output value.

Operating influences

The measurement error data correspond to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution).

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per 1 V chan	ge
		Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾	Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
		Based on measured value		Based on measured value	
Pt100 (1)	- IEC 60751:2008	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)		0.0007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)	
Pt200 (2)		≤ 0.017 °C (0.031 °F)		≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	
Pt500 (3)		0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.006 °C (0.011 °F)	0.003 %	0.0007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)	0.003 %
Pt1000 (4)		≤ 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		≤ 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)	
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)		0.0007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)	

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 $^{\circ}$ C (1.8 $^{\circ}$ F) change		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per 1 V chai	ıge	
		Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾	Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾	
Pt50 (8)	- GOST 6651-94	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)		0.0007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)		
Pt100 (9)	- GOS1 0051-94 -	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)		0.0007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)		
Ni100 (6)	– DIN 43760 IPTS-68	≤ 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)		≤ 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)		
Ni120 (7)	- DIN 45700 IP13-06	≤0.005 C (0.005 F)		≤ 0.001 °C (0.002 °F)		
Cu50 (10)		≤ 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		< 0.003 °C (0.004 °E)		
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84: 2003 /	≤ 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	0.003 %	≤ 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)	0.003 %	
Ni100 (12)	(12) GOST 6651-2009 ≤ 0.003 °C (0.005 °F)		≤ 0.001 °C (0.002 °F)			
Ni120 (13)		≤0.005 C (0.005 F)		\$ 0.001 C (0.002 F)		
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		≤ 0.002 °C (0.004 °F)		
Resistance transmi	Resistance transmitter (Ω)					
10 to 400 Ω		0.001% * MV, at least 1 mΩ	- 0.003 %	0.0005% * MV, at least 1 mΩ	0.003 %	
10 to 2 000 Ω		0.001% * MV, at least $10~\text{m}\Omega$	0.005 %	0.0005% * MV, at least 5 mΩ	0.003 %	

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature Influence (±) per 1 $^{\circ}$ C (1.8 $^{\circ}$ F)		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per 1 V change	
		Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾	Digital	D/A ²⁾
		Based on measured value		Based on measured value	
Type A (30)	IEC 60584-1/ASTM E230-3	0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)		0.0012% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	
Type B (31)	E250-5	≤ 0.04 °C (0.072 °F)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	
Type C (32)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	0.0021% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.003 %	0.0012% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.003 %
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	0.0019% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.005 %	0.0011% * (MV - LRV)	0.005 %
Type E (34)		0.0014% * (MV - LRV)	1	0.0008% * (MV - LRV)	
Type J (35)	1	0.0014% * (MV - LRV)		0.0008% * MV	
Туре К (36)	1	0.0015% * (MV - LRV)		0.0009% * (MV - LRV)	
Type N (37)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E230-3	0.0014% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.010 °C (0.018 °F)		0.0008% * MV	
Type R (38)	1	≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	
Type S (39)		≤ 0.05 € (0.054 F)		≤ 0.02 C (0.030 F)	
Type T (40)	1		0.003 %		0.003 %
Type L (41)	— DIN 43710	< 0.01 °C /0.010 °C\		No influence	
Type U (42)	— DIN 45/10	≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)		ivo influence	
Type L (43)	GOST R8.585-2001				

²⁾ Percentages based on the configured measuring span of the analog output signal

Technical data T142

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per 1 V chang	je	
		Digital 1) D/A 2)		Digital	D/A ²⁾	
Voltage transmitter	Voltage transmitter (mV)					
-20 to 100 mV	-	0.0015% * MV, at least 0.2 μV	0.003 %	0.0008% * MV, at least 0.1 μV	0.003 %	

- 1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].
- 2) Percentages based on the configured measuring span of the analog output signal

MV = measured value

LRV = start of measuring range value for the specific sensor

Total measurement error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Measurement error D/A}^2)}$

Long-term drift, resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) 1)					
		after 1 month	after 6 months	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years	
		Based on measured value	2			•	
Pt100 (1)		≤ 0.039% * (MV - LRV) or 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	
Pt200 (2)		0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.09 °C (0.17 °F)	0.12 °C (0.27 °F)	0.13 °C (0.24 °F)	
Pt500 (3)	IEC 60751:2008	≤ 0.048% * (MV - LRV)	≤ 0.0075% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.086% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.06 °F)	≤ 0.011% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.0124% * (MV · LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	
Pt1000 (4)		or 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.0077% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0088% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0114% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.013% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	≤ 0.039% * (MV - LRV) or 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.0061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	
Pt50 (8)	GOST	≤ 0.042% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0068% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.0076% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.08 °F)	≤ 0.01% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	≤ 0.011% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F)	
Pt100 (9)	6651-94	<pre>< 0.039% * (MV - LRV) or 0.011 °C (0.012 °F)</pre>	≤ 0.0061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV LRV) or 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	
Ni100 (6)	DIN 43760	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °E)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	
Ni120 (7)	IPTS-68	0.01 C (0.02 F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	
Cu50 (10)	ON II PO	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84: 2003 /		0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	
Ni100 (12)	GOST 6651-2009	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	
Ni120 (13)	0001 2000		0.01 C (0.02 F)	U.UZ C (U.U4 F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) 1)					
10 to 400 Ω		$\leq 0.003\%$ * MV or $4 \text{ m}\Omega$	≤ 0.0048% * MV or 6 mΩ	$\leq 0.0055\%$ * MV or 7 m Ω	≤ 0.0073% * MV or 10 mΩ	≤ 0.008% * (MV - LRV) or 11 mΩ	
10 to 2 000 Ω		$\leq 0.0038\%$ * MV or 25 m Ω	≤ 0.006% * MV or 40 mΩ	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 47 mΩ	≤ 0.009% * (MV - LRV) or 60 mΩ	≤ 0.0067% * (MV - LRV) or 67 mΩ	

1) Whichever is greater

Long-term drift, thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) 1)					
		after 1 month	after 6 months	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years	
		Based on measured value					
Туре А (30)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM	≤ 0.021% * (MV - LRV) or 0.34 °C (0.61 °F)	≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.59 °C (1.06 °F)	≤ 0.044% * (MV - LRV) or 0.70 °C (1.26 °F)	≤ 0.058% * (MV - LRV) or 0.93 °C (1.67 °F)	≤ 0.063% * (MV - LRV) or 1.01 °C (1.82 °F)	
Туре В (31)	E230-3	0.80 °C (1.44 °F)	1.40 °C (2.52 °F)	1.66 °C (2.99 °F)	2.19 °C (3.94 °F)	2.39 °C (4.30 °F)	
Type C (32)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	0.34 °C (0.61 °F)	0.58 °C (1.04 °F)	0.70 °C (1.26 °F)	0.92 °C (1.66 °F)	1.00 °C (1.80 °F)	
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	0.42 °C (0.76 °F)	0.73 °C (1.31 °F)	0.87 °C (1.57 °F)	1.15 °C (2.07 °F)	1.26 °C (2.27 °F)	
Туре Е (34)		0.13 °C (0.23 °F)	0.22 °C (0.40 °F)	0.26 °C (0.47 °F)	0.34 °C (0.61 °F)	0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	
Type J (35)		0.15 °C (0.27 °F)	0.26 °C (0.47 °F)	0.31 °C (0.56 °F)	0.41 °C (0.74 °F)	0.44 °C (0.79 °F)	
Туре К (36)	IEC	0.17 °C (0.31 °F)	0.30 °C (0.54 °F)	0.36 °C (0.65 °F)	0.47 °C (0.85 °F)	0.51 °C (0.92 °F)	
Type N (37)	60584-1 / ASTM	0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	0.44 °C (0.79 °F)	0.52 °C (0.94 °F)	0.69 °C (1.24 °F)	0.75 °C (1.35 °F)	
Type R (38)	E230-3	0.62 °C (1.12 °F)	1.08 °C (1.94 °F)	1.28 °C (2.30 °F)	1.69 °C (3.04 °F)	- 1.85 °C (3.33 °F)	
Type S (39)		0.02 C (1.12 F)	1.00 C (1.94 F)	1.29 °C (2.32 °F)	1.70 °C (3.06 °F)	- 1.05 C (5.55 F)	
Type T (40)		0.18 °C (0.32 °F)	0.32 °C (0.58 °F)	0.38 °C (0.68 °F)	0.50 °C (0.90 °F)	0.54 °C (0.97 °F)	
Type L (41)	DIN (2710	0.12 °C (0.22 °F)	0.21 °C (0.38 °F)	0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	0.33 °C (0.59 °F)	0.36 °C (0.65 °F)	
Type U (42)	DIN 43710	0.18 °C (0.32 °F)	0.31 °C (0.56 °F)	0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	0.49 °C (0.88 °F)	0.53 °C (0.95 °F)	
Type L (43)	GOST R8.585-200 1	0.15 °C (0.27 °F)	0.26 °C (0.47 °F)	0.31 °C (0.56 °F)	0.41 °C (0.74 °F)	0.44 °C (0.79 °F)	
Voltage transmitt	er (mV)						
-20 to 100 mV		\leq 0.012% * MV or 4 μ V	≤ 0.021% * MV or 7 µV	≤ 0.025% * MV or 8 μV	≤ 0.033% * MV or 11 µV	≤ 0.036% * MV or 12 µV	

1) The larger value is valid

Analog output long-term drift

Long-term drift D/A $^{1)}$ (±)							
after 1 month after 6 months after 1 year after 3 years after 5 years							
0.018%	0.026%	0.030%	0.036%	0.038%			

1) Percentages based on the configured measuring span of the analog output signal.

Technical data T142

Influence of the reference junction

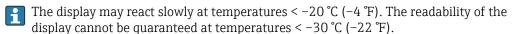
Pt100 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal reference junction with thermocouples TC)

If an external RTD Pt100 2-wire sensor is used for the reference junction measurement, the measurement error caused by the transmitter is $< 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.9 $^{\circ}\text{F}$). The measurement error of the sensor element also needs to be added.

13.5 Environment

Ambient temperature

- -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation
- Without display: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
- With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
- With overvoltage protection module: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)



Storage temperature

- Without display: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)
- With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
- With overvoltage protection module: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)

Relative humidity

Permitted: 0 to 95 %

Operating altitude

Up to 4000 m (13123 ft) above sea level

Climate class

As per IEC 60654-1, Class Dx

Degree of protection

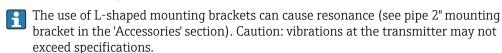
Die-cast aluminum or stainless steel housing: IP66/67, Type 4X

Shock and vibration resistance

Shock resistance according to DIN EN 60068-2-27 and KTA 3505 (Section 5.8.4 shock test): 30g / 18 ms

Vibration resistance according to DIN EN 60068-2-6:

- 2 to 8.6 Hz / 10 mm
- 8.6 to 150 Hz / 3q



Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

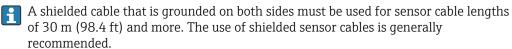
CE compliance

Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.

Maximum measured error <1% of measuring range.

Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements

Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series, Class B equipment

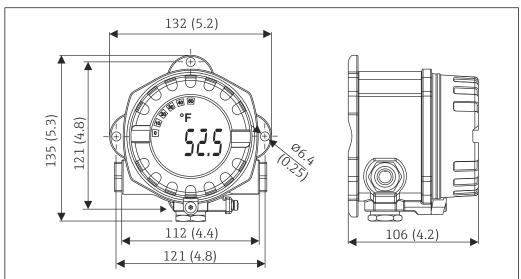


Connection of the functional grounding may be needed for functional purposes. Compliance with the electrical codes of individual countries is mandatory.

13.6 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)



A0025824

 \blacksquare 15 Die-cast aluminum housing for general applications, or optional stainless steel housing (316L)

- Electronics module and connection compartment
- Display attachable in 90° stages

Weight

- Aluminum housing approx. 1.4 kg (3 lb), with display
- Stainless steel housing approx. 4.2 kg (9.3 lb), with display

Materials

Housing	Sensor terminals	Nameplate
Die-cast aluminum housing AlSi10Mg/ AlSi12 with powder coating on polyester base	Nickel-plated brass0.3 µm gold flashed / cpl., corrosion-free	Aluminum AlMgl, anodized in black
316L		1.4404 (AISI 316L)
O-ring 88x3 HNBR 70° Shore PTFE coating	-	-

Cable entries

Version	Туре
Thread	3x thread ½" NPT
	3x thread M20
	3x thread G½"

Technical data T142

Connecting cable	 Cable specification A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used. A shielded cable is recommended for HART® communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant. The terminals for the fieldbus connection have integrated polarity protection. Cable cross-section: max. 2.5 mm² 				
	13.7 Certificates and approvals				
CE mark	The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EC directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CE-mark.				
EAC mark	The product meets the legal requirements of the EEU guidelines. The manufacturer confirms the successful testing of the product by affixing the EAC mark.				
Ex approvals	More information on the hazardous area versions currently available (ATEX, CSA, etc.) available from your supplier. Separate Ex documentation contain all the data relevant fexplosion protection.				
CSA C/US	The product complies with the requirements of "CLASS 2252 06 - Process Control Equipment" and "CLASS 2252 86 - Process Control Equipment - Certified to US Standards".				
HART® certification	The temperature transmitter is registered by the FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the HART® Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7.				
Radio approval	The device has Bluetooth® radio approval in accordance with the Radio Equipment Directive (RED) for Europe and the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) 15.247 North America.	for			
	Europe				
	This device meets the requirements of the Telecommunications Directive RED 2014/53/EU: EN 300 328 EN 301 489 EN 301 489	9-1			

Canada and United States

English:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada licenceexempt RSS standard(s).

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authorization to operate this equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This equipment complies with FCC and IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

Français:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.

L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- $\,\blacksquare\,$ L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- L'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Les changements ou modifications apportées à cet appareil non expressément approuvée par le fabricant peut annuler l'autorisation de l'utilisateur d'opérer cet appareil.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations: Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

MTTF

- Without Bluetooth® wireless technology: 152 years
- With Bluetooth® wireless technology: 114 years

According to Siemens SN-29500 at 40 °C (104 °F)

The mean time to failure (MTTF) denotes the theoretically expected time until the device fails during normal operation. The term MTTF is used for non-repairable systems such as temperature transmitters.

Operating menu and parameter description 14

The following tables list all the parameters in the operating menus. The page number refers to where a description of the parameter can be found.

Depending on the parameter configuration, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. Information on this can be found in the parameter description under "Prerequisite".

This symbol 🖺 indicates how to navigate to the parameter using operating tools (e.g. FieldCare).

Diagnostics →	Actual diagnostics →	Actual diagnostics 1		→ 🖺 56
		Last rectified diagnosti	С	→ 🖺 56
		Time stamp		→ 🖺 56
		Operating time		→ 🖺 56
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic list →	Actual diagnostics 1, 2	, 3	→ 🖺 56
		Actual diag channel 1,	2, 3	→ 🖺 57
		Time stamp 1, 2, 3		→ 🖺 56
Diagnostics →	Event logbook →	Previous diagnostics n		→ 🖺 57
		Previous diag n channe	el	→ 🖺 58
		Time stamp n		→ 🖺 57
Diagnostics →	Simulation →	Diagnostic event simul	ation	→ 🖺 58
		Current output simulat	ion	→ 🖺 59
		Value current output		→ 🖺 59
		Sensor simulation		→ 🖺 59
		Sensor simulation value	е	→ 🖺 59
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic settings →	Properties →	Alarm delay	→ 🖺 60
			Limit corrosion detection	→ 🖺 60
			Sensor line resistance	→ 🖺 60
			Thermocouple diagnostic	→ 🖺 61
		Sensor → Electronics → Process → Configuration →	Diagnostic behavior	→ 🖺 61
		Sensor → Electronics → Process → Configuration →	Status signal	→ 🖺 61
Diagnostics →	Min/max values →	Sensor min value		→ 🗎 62
- agaiouted ,	man values /	Sensor max value		→ 🖺 62
		Reset sensor min/max	values	→ 🖺 62
		Device temperature mi		→ 🖺 62

		Device temperature ma	x value	→ 🖺 63
		Reset device temp. min.	max values	→ 🖺 63
Diagnostics →	Operating time temperature ranges →	Sensor →	Range Sensor technology	→ 🖺 63
		Electronics →	Range	→ 🖺 64
Application →	Measured values →	Sensor value		→ 🖺 64
		Sensor raw value		→ 🗎 64
		Output current		→ 🖺 64
		Percent of range		→ 🗎 64
		Device temperature		→ 🗎 64
		PV		→ 🗎 65
		SV		→ 🖺 65
		TV		→ 🖺 65
		QV		→ 🖺 66
Application \rightarrow	Sensor →	Unit		→ 🖺 66
		Sensor type		→ 🖺 66
		Connection type		→ 🖺 66
		2-wire compensation		→ 🖺 67
		Reference junction		→ 🖺 67
		RJ preset value		→ 🖺 67
		Sensor offset		→ 🖺 68
Application →	Sensor →	Linearization →	Call./v. Dusen coeff. R0, A, B, C	→ 🖺 68
			Polynomial coeff. RO, A, B	→ 🖺 69
			Sensor lower limit	→ 🖺 69
			Sensor upper limit	→ 🖺 70
Application →	Current output →	4mA value		→ 🗎 70
		20mA value		→ 🖺 70
		Failure mode		→ 🖺 70
		Failure current		→ 🖺 71
		Current trimming 4 mA		→ 🖺 71
		Current trimming 20 m	A	→ 🖺 72
		Damping		→ 🖺 72
Application →	HART configuration →	Assign current output (PV)	→ 🖺 72
. F		Assign SV	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	→ 1 73
		Assign TV		→ 1 73
		Assian IV		

HART address	→ 🖺 73
No. of preambles	→ 🖺 74

System→	Device management→	HART short tag	→ 🖺 74
		Tag name	→ 🖺 74
		Locking status	→ 🗎 75
		Device reset	→ 🗎 75
		Configuration counter	→ 🖺 75
		Configuration changed	→ 🖺 75
		Reset configuration changed flag	→ 🖺 76

System→	User management $→$	Define password \rightarrow	New password	→ 🖺 77
			Confirm new password	→ 🖺 77
			Status password entry	→ 🖺 77
		Change user role →	Password ¹⁾	→ 🖺 77
			Status password entry	→ 🗎 77
		Reset password →	Reset password	→ 🖺 78
			Status password entry	→ 🗎 77
		Change password \rightarrow	Old password	→ 🖺 79
			New password	→ 🗎 77
			Confirm new password	→ 🖺 77
			Status password entry	→ 🖺 77
		Delete password →	Delete password	→ 🖺 79

1) The required user role must first be selected here when operating the device via the operating app.

System→	Bluetooth configuration \rightarrow	Bluetooth	→ 🖺 80
		Bluetooth status	→ 🖺 80
		Change Bluetooth password ¹⁾	→ 🖺 80

1) Function is only visible in the operating app

System →	Information \rightarrow	Device →	Squawk	→ 🖺 81
			Serial number	→ 🖺 81
			Order code	→ 🖺 81
			Firmware version	→ 🖺 81
			Hardware version	→ 🖺 82
			Extended order code (n)	→ 🖺 82
			Device name	→ 🖺 82
			Manufacturer	→ 🖺 82

System →	Information →	HART info →	Device type	→ 🖺 82
			Device revision	→ 🖺 83
			HART revision	→ 🖺 83

HART (C descriptor -	→ 🖺 83
HART	T message	→ 🖺 83
Hardw	ware revision	→ 🖺 84
Softwa	are revision -	→ 🖺 84
HART	C date code	→ 🖺 84
Manuf	ıfacturer ID -	→ 🖺 84
Device	e ID -	→ 🖺 85

System →	Information \rightarrow	Device location →	Latitude	→ 🖺 85
			Longitude	→ 🖺 85
			Altitude	→ 🖺 85
			Location method	→ 🖺 86
			Location description	→ 🖺 86
			Process unit tag	→ 🖺 86

$System \rightarrow \qquad \qquad Display \rightarrow$	Display interval	→ 🖺 86	
	Value 1 display	→ 🖺 87	
	Decimal places 1	→ 🖺 87	
		Display text 1	→ 🖺 88
		Value 2 display	→ 🖺 87
		Decimal places 2	→ 🖺 87
	Display text 2	→ 🖺 88	
	Value 3 display	→ 🖺 87	
		Decimal places 3	→ 🖺 88
		Display text 3	→ 🖺 88

14.1 Menu: Diagnostics

14.1.1 Submenu: Actual diagnostics

Actual diagnostics 1		
Navigation	□ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics → Actual diagnostics 1	
Description	Displays the current diagnostic message. If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the messages are shown in order of priority.	
Additional information	Example for display format: F041-Sensor interrupted	
Last rectified diagnostic		
Navigation	☐ Diagnostic → Actual diagnostics → Last rectified diagnostic	
Description	Displays the last rectified diagnostic message	
Additional information	Example for display format: F041-Sensor interrupted	
Timestamp		
Navigation	☐ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics → Time stamp	
Description	Displays the time stamp of the last rectified diagnostic message in relation to the operating time.	
User interface	Hours (h)	
Operating time		
Navigation	☐ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics → Operating time	
Description	Displays the length of time the device has been in operation.	
User interface	Hours (h)	

14.1.2 Submenu: Diagnostic list

i

n = Number of diagnostic messages (n = 1 to 3)

Actual diagnostics n

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics → Actual diagnostics n

Description Displays the current diagnostic message. If two or more messages occur simultaneously,

the messages are sorted by order of priority.

Additional information Example for display format:

F041-Sensor interrupted

Actual diag channel n

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diag channel n

Description Displays the function module to which the diagnostic message refers.

User interface • Device

Sensor

■ Device temperature

Current output

Sensor RJ

Time stamp n

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics \rightarrow Time stamp n

Description Displays the time stamp of the current diagnostic message in relation to the operating

time.

User interface Hours (h)

14.1.3 Submenu: Event logbook



n = Number of diagnostic messages (n = 1 to 10). The last 10 messages are listed in chronological order.

Previous diagnostics n

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Event logbook \rightarrow Previous diagnostics n

Description Displays the diagnostic messages that occurred in the past. The last 10 messages are listed

in chronological order.

User interface Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F201-Electronics faulty

Previous diag n channel

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Event logbook \rightarrow Previous diag n channel

Description Displays the function module to which the diagnostic message refers.

User interface ■ Device

Sensor

Device temperatureCurrent outputSensor RJ

Time stamp n

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Event logbook \rightarrow Time stamp n

Description Displays the time stamp of the current diagnostic message in relation to the operating

time.

User interface Hours (h)

14.1.4 Submenu: Simulation

Diagnostic event simulation

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Diagnostic event simulation

Description Switches diagnostic simulation on and off. The status signal indicates a category "C"

diagnostic message ("function check") while the simulation is running.

Options Enter one of the diagnostic events using the dropdown menu $\Rightarrow \triangleq 34$. The assigned

status signals and diagnostic behaviors are used in the simulation mode. Select 'Off to quit

the simulation.

Example: x043 Short circuit

Factory setting Off

Current output simulation

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Current output simulation

Description Use this function to switch simulation of the current output on and off. The status signal

indicates a category "C" diagnostic message ("function check") while the simulation is

running.

Options • Off

On

Factory setting Off

Value current output

Navigation \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Description Use this function to set a current value for the simulation. In this way, users can verify the

correct adjustment of the current output and the correct function of downstream switching

units.

User entry 3.58 to 23 mA

Factory setting 3.58 mA

Sensor simulation

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Sensor simulation

Description Use this function to enable the simulation of the process variable. The simulation value of

the process variable is defined in the **Sensor simulation value** parameter. The status signal indicates a category "C" diagnostic message ("function check") while the simulation is

running.

Options ■ Off

■ On

Factory setting Off

Sensor simulation value

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Sensor simulation value

Description Use this function to enter a simulation value for the process variable. Subsequent

measured value processing and the signal output use this simulation value. In this way,

users can verify whether the measuring device has been configured correctly.

User entry $-1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ °C

Factory setting 0.00 °C

14.1.5 Submenu: Diagnostic settings

Submenu: Properties

Alarm delay

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings → Properties → Alarm delay

Description Use this function to set the delay time during which a diagnostics signal is suppressed

before it is output.

User entry 0 to 5 s

Factory setting 2 s

Limit corrosion detection

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Properties \rightarrow Limit corrosion detection

Prerequisite A 4-wire RTD or TC must be selected as the sensor type or connection type. $\rightarrow \triangleq 66$

Description Use this function to enter the limit value for corrosion detection. If this value is exceeded,

the device behaves as defined in the diagnostic settings.

User entry • 5 to 250 Ω for 4-wire RTD

 \blacksquare 5 to 10 000 Ω for TC

Factory setting • 50.0 Ω for 4-wire RTD connection type

• 5 000 Ω for TC sensor type

Sensor line resistance

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Properties \rightarrow Sensor line resistance

Prerequisite A 4-wire RTD or TC must be selected as the sensor type or connection type. $\rightarrow \triangleq 66$

Description Displays the highest measured resistance value of the sensor lines.

User interface	$-1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ Ω
----------------	---

Thermocouple diagnostic

Navigation

Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings → Properties → Thermocouple diagnostic

Description

Use this function to switch off the "Sensor corrosion" and "Sensor break" diagnostic functions during thermocouple measurement.



This may be necessary in order to connect electronic simulators (e.g. calibrators) during a thermocouple measurement. The accuracy of the transmitter is not influenced by either the activation or deactivation of the thermocouple diagnostics function.

Options

OnOff

Factory setting

On

Diagnostic behavior

Navigation

Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings →

Sensor →

Electronics → Process →

Configuration \rightarrow

Diagnostic behavior

Description

Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain diagnostic behavior. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events. $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 34$

Options

AlarmWarning

Disabled

Factory setting

See the list of diagnostic events $\rightarrow \triangleq 34$

Status signal

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings →

Sensor →
Electronics →

Process →

Configuration → Status signal

Description

Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain status signal at the factory $^{1)}$. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events. $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 34$

¹⁾ Digital information available via HART® communication and for the visualization of the diagnostic events on the display

Options ■ Failure (F) ■ Function check (C) Out of specification (S) Maintenance required (M) ■ No effect (N) **Factory setting** See the list of diagnostic events $\rightarrow \implies 34$ 14.1.6 Submenu: Min/max values Sensor min value Navigation Diagnostics → Min/max values → Sensor min value Description Displays the minimum temperature measured in the past at the sensor input (minimum indicator). Sensor max value Navigation Diagnostics → Min/max values → Sensor max value Description Displays the maximum temperature measured in the past at the sensor input (maximum indicator). Reset sensor min/max values Navigation Diagnostics → Min/max values → Reset sensor min/max values Description Resets the min/max values of the sensor to their default values. Clicking the **Reset sensor min/max values** button activates the reset function. As a result **User entry** of this action, the min/max values of the sensor only display the reset, temporary values. Device temperature min value Navigation Diagnostics → Min/max values → Device temperature min value

Displays the minimum electronics temperature measured in the past (minimum indicator).

Description

Device temperature max value

Navigation

☐ Diagnostics → Min/max values → Device temperature max value

Description

Displays the maximum electronics temperature measured in the past (maximum indicator).

Reset device temp. min/max values

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Min/max values → Reset device temp. min/max values

Description

Resets the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum electronic temperatures measured.

User entry

Clicking the **Reset device temperature min/max values** button activates the reset function. As a result of this action, the min/max values for the device temperature only display the reset, temporary values.

14.1.7 Submenu: Operating time temperature ranges



The overview of the times indicates how long the connected sensor has been in operation in the particular temperature range. This can be particularly useful when operating sensors at range limits both with regard to the temperatures and the mechanical load. These values visualize the load on the sensor and can be used to draw long-term conclusions regarding the deterioration/aging or operating life of the sensor.

Sensor

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Operating time temperature ranges → Sensor

Description

- Displays the current length of time in hours (h) that the sensor has been operated in the pre-defined temperature range.
- Sensor technology

Use this function to select the sensor technology of the connected sensor:

- None
- RTD wire wound
- RTD thinfilm basic
- RTD thinfilm standardRTD thinfilm QuickSens
- RTD thinfilm StrongSens
- Thermocouple

Additional information

Temperature ranges:

- < -100 °C (-148 °F)
- -100 to -51 °C (-148 to -59 °F)
- $-50 \text{ to } -1 ^{\circ}\text{C} (-58 \text{ to } +31 ^{\circ}\text{F})$
- 0 to +49 °C (+32 to +121 °F)
- +50 to +99 °C (+122 to +211 °F)
- +100 to +149 °C (+212 to +301 °F)
- +150 to +199 °C (+302 to +391 °F)
- +200 to +299 °C (+392 to +571 °F)
- +300 to +399 °C (+572 to +751 °F)
- +400 to +499 °C (+752 to +931 °F)
- +500 to +599 °C (+932 to +1111 °F)
- +600 to +799 °C (+1112 to +1471 °F)
- +800 to +999 °C (+1472 to +1831 °F)
- +1000 to +1249 °C (+1832 to +2281 °F)
- +1250 to +1499 °C (+2282 to +2731 °F) ■ +1500 to +1749 °C (+2732 to +3181 °F)
- +1750 to +1999 °C (+3 182 to +3 631 °F)
- ≥+2 000 °C (+3 632 °F)

Electronics

Navigation

☐ Diagnostics → Operating time temperature ranges → Electronics

Description

Displays the current length of time in hours (h) that the device has been operated in the pre-defined temperature range:

- < -25 °C (-13 °F)
- -25 to -1 °C (-13 to 31 °F)
- 0 to 39 °C (32 to 103 °F)
- 40 to 64 °C (104 to 148 °F)
- ≥65 °C (149 °F)

14.2 Menu: Application

14.2.1 Submenu: Measured values

Sensor value

Navigation

 \square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Sensor value

Description

Displays the current measured value at the sensor input.

Sensor raw value

Navigation

 \square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Sensor raw value

Description	Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at the specific sensor input.
Output current	
Navigation	☐ Application → Measured values → Output current
Description	Displays the calculated output current in mA.
Percent of range	
Navigation	☐ Application → Measured values → Percent of range
Description	Displays the measured value in percentage of the span
Device temperature	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the current electronics temperature.
PV	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the primary device variable.
SV	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the secondary device variable.
TV	
Navigation	☐ Application → Measured values → TV

Description	Displays the tertiary device variable.
QV	
Navigation	\square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow QV
Description	Displays the quaternary (fourth) device variable.
	14.2.2 Submenu: Sensor
Unit	
Navigation	
Description	Use this function to select the engineering unit for all the measured values.
Selection	 C F K Q mV
Factory setting	$^{\circ}$ C
Additional information	Please note: If another unit has been selected instead of the factory setting (°C), all the set temperature values are converted to correspond to the configured temperature unit. Example: $150 ^{\circ}$ C is set as the upper range value. Following the selection of °F as the engineering unit, the new (converted) upper range value = $302 ^{\circ}$ F.
Sensor type	
Navigation	Application → Sensor → Sensor type
Description	Use this function to select the sensor type for the sensor input. Please observe the terminal assignment when connecting the sensors.
Selection	A list of all the possible sensor types is provided in the Technical data' section. $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Factory setting	Pt100 IEC751

Connection type

Navigation \Box Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Connection type

Prerequisite An RTD sensor or a resistance transmitter must be specified as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to select the connection type for the sensor.

Selection 2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire

Factory setting 4-wire

2-wire compensation

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow 2-wire compensation

Prerequisite An RTD sensor or a resistance transmitter with a **2-wire** connection type must be specified

as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to specify the resistance value for two-wire compensation in RTDs.

User entry $0 \text{ to } 30 \Omega$

Factory setting 0Ω

Reference junction

Navigation \Box Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Reference junction

Prerequisite A thermocouple (TC) sensor must be selected as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to select reference junction measurement for temperature compensation

of thermocouples (TC).

If **Preset value** is selected, the compensation value is specified via the **RJ preset**

value parameter.

Selection• Internal measurement: the internal reference junction temperature is used.

• Fixed value: a fixed value is used.

• Measured value of external sensor: The measured value of an RTD Pt100 2-wire sensor

which is connected to terminals 1 and 3 is used.

Factory setting Internal measurement

RJ preset value

Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow RJ preset value

Prerequisite The **Preset value** parameter must be set if the **Reference junction** option is selected.

Description Use this function to define the fixed preset value for temperature compensation.

User entry -58 to +360

Factory setting 0,00

Sensor offset

Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor offset

Description Use this function to set the zero point correction (offset) of the sensor measured value.

The value indicated is added to the measured value.

User entry -18.0 to +18.0

Factory setting 0,0

14.2.3 Submenu: Linearization

Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Call./v. Dusen coeff. R0

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization with the Callendar/Van Dusen

polynomial.

User entry $10 \text{ to } 2000 \Omega$

Factory setting 100.000Ω

Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization based on the

Callendar/Van Dusen method.

User entry • A: 3.0e-003 to 4.0e-003

B: -2.0e-006 to 2.0e-006C: -1.0e-009 to 1.0e-009

Factory setting ■ A: 3.90830e-003

B: -5.77500e-007C: -4.18300e-012

Polynomial coeff. R0

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. R0

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization of nickel/copper sensors.

User entry $10 \text{ to } 2000 \Omega$

Factory setting 100.00Ω

Polynomial coeff. A, B

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. Polynomial coeff. A, B

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization of copper/nickel resistance

thermometers.

User entry ■ Polynomial coeff. A: 4.0e-003 to 6.0e-003

■ Polynomial coeff. B: -2.0e-005 to 2.0e-005

Factory setting Polynomial coeff. A = 5.49630e-003

Polynomial coeff. B = 6.75560e-006

Sensor lower limit

Navigation Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Sensor lower limit

Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the

Sensor type parameter.

Description Use this function to set the lower calculation limit for special sensor linearization.

User entry Depends on the **sensor type** selected. **Factory setting** Depends on the **sensor type** selected. Sensor upper limit Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Sensor upper limit Navigation Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter. Description Use this function to set the upper calculation limit for special sensor linearization. **User entry** Depends on the **sensor type** selected. **Factory setting** Depends on the **sensor type** selected. 14.2.4 **Submenu: Current output** 4mA value Navigation Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow 4mA value Description Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 4 mA. 0°C **Factory setting** 20mA value Navigation Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow 20mA value Description Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 20 mA. 100°C **Factory setting** Failure mode Navigation Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Failure mode Description Use this function to select the signal on alarm level of the current output in the event of an error.

Selection ■ High alarm

Low alarm

Factory setting Low alarm

Failure current

Navigation \Box Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Failure current

Prerequisite The **High alarm** option is enabled in the "Failure mode" parameter.

Description Use this function to set the value the current output adopts in an alarm condition.

User entry 21.5 to 23 mA

Factory setting 22.5 mA

Adjustment of the analog output (4 and 20 mA current trimming)

Current trimming is used to compensate the analog output (D/A conversion). Here, the output current of the transmitter can be adapted so that it suits the value expected at the higher-level system.

Current trimming does not affect the digital HART® value. This can cause the measured value shown on the locally installed display to differ marginally from the value displayed in the higher-level system.

Procedure

1. Start	
↓	
2. Install an accurate ammeter (more accurate than the transmitter) in the current loop.	
↓	
3. Switch on current output simulation and set the simulation value to 4 mA.	
↓	
4. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.	
↓	
5. Set the simulation value to 20 mA.	
↓	
6. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.	
↓	
7. Enter the current values determined as adjustment values in the Current trimming 4 mA / 20 mA parameters	
↓	
8. Deactivate simulation	
↓	
9. End	

Current trimming 4 mA

Navigation Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Current trimming 4 mA

Description Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the start of the

measuring range at 4 mA.

User entry 3.85 to 4.15 mA

Factory setting 4 mA

Additional information The trimming only affects the current loop values from 3.8 to 20.5 mA. The failure mode

with **Low Alarm** and **High Alarm** current values is not subject to trimming.

Current trimming 20 mA

Navigation Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Current trimming 20 mA

Description Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the end of the

measuring range at 20 mA.

User entry 19.85 to 20.15 mA

Factory setting 20.000 mA

Additional information The trimming only affects the current loop values from 3.8 to 20.5 mA. The failure mode

with **Low Alarm** and **High Alarm** current values is not subject to trimming.

Damping

Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Damping

Description Use this function to set the time constant for current output damping.

User entry 0 to 120 s

Factory setting 0 s

Additional information The current output responds to fluctuations in the measured value with an exponential

delay. The time constant of this delay is defined by this parameter. If a low time constant is entered, the current output responds quickly to the measured value. On the other hand, the response of the current output is delayed significantly if a high time constant is

entered.

14.2.5 Submenu: HART configuration

Assign current output (PV)

Assign QV

Navigation

Navigation Application \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow Assign current output (PV) Description Use this function to assign the measured variables to the primary HART® value (PV). User interface Sensor Sensor (fixed assignment) **Factory setting** Assign SV Navigation Application → HART configuration → Assign SV Description Use this function to assign the measured variable to the secondary HART value (SV). User interface Device temperature (fixed assignment) **Factory setting** Device temperature (fixed assignment)

 Assign TV

 Navigation

 □ Application → HART configuration → Assign TV

 Description
 Use this function to assign the measured variable to the tertiary HART value (TV).

 User interface
 Sensor (fixed assignment)

 Factory setting
 Sensor (fixed assignment)

HART address

 \square Application \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow HART address

Description

Use this function to define the HART address of the device.

i

It is not possible to write to the parameter. The HART address can be set in FDT/ DTM-based operating tools, via the CommDTM. $^{1)}$

1) It cannot be set via the Configuration app, however.

Factory setting

0

Additional information

The measured value can only be transmitted via the current value if the address is set to "0". The current is fixed at 4.0 mA for all other addresses (Multidrop mode).

Ma	۰ŧ	preambles
INO.	OT	preambles

Navigation \rightarrow Application \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow No. of preambles

Description Use this function to define the number of preambles in the HART telegram.

User entry 5 to 20

Factory setting 5

14.3 Menu: System

14.3.1 Submenu: Device management

HART short tag

Navigation System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow HART short tag

Description Use this function to define a short tag for the measuring point.

User entry Up to 8 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and certain special characters).

Factory setting ????????

Device tag

Navigation System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Device tag

Description Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified

quickly within the plant.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and certain special characters).

Locking status

Navigation

System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Locking status

Description

Displays the device locking status. When write protection is activated, write access to the

parameters is disabled.

User interface

Enabled or disabled check box: Locked by hardware

Device reset

Navigation

System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Device reset

Description

Use this function to reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.

Options

Not active

No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.

To factory defaults

All the parameters are reset to the factory setting.

To delivery settings

All parameters are reset to the order configuration. The order configuration can differ from the factory setting if customer-specific parameter values were defined when the device was ordered.

Restart device

The device is restarted but the device configuration remains unchanged.

Factory setting

Not active

Configuration counter

Navigation



System → Device management → Configuration counter

Description

Displays the counter reading for changes to device parameters.



Static parameters, whose values change during optimization or configuration, cause this parameter to increment by 1. This supports parameter version management. If several parameters change, e.g. as a result of loading parameters from FieldCare etc. to the device, the counter can show a higher value. The counter cannot be reset and is also not reset to the default value when the device is reset. If the counter value exceeds 65535, it starts again at 1.

Configuration changed

Navigation

System → Device management → Configuration changed

Description

Displays whether the configuration of the device has been changed by a master (primary or secondary).

Reset configuration changed flag

Navigation

System → Device management → Reset configuration changed flag

Description

The **Configuration changed** information is reset by a master (primary or secondary).

14.3.2 Submenu: User management

Define password → Maintenance	New password
	Confirm new password
	Status password entry
Change user role → Operator	Password 1)
	Status password entry
Reset password → Operator	Reset password
	Status password entry
Change password → Maintenance	Old password
	New password
	Confirm new password
	Status password entry
Delete password → Maintenance	Old password Delete password

¹⁾ The required user role must first be selected here when operating the device via the SmartBlue app.

Navigation in the submenu is supported by the following operating elements:

Back

Return to the previous page

Cancel

If Cancel is selected, the status before the submenu was started is restored

Define password

Navigation System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password

Description Use this function to start password definition

User entry Activate the button

New password

Navigation

System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password \rightarrow New password

Description

Use this function to enter a password for the **Maintenance** user role to gain access to the relevant functions.

Additional information

If the factory setting is not changed, the device is set to the **Maintenance** user role. This means that the device's configuration data are not write-protected and can be edited at all times.

Once a password has been defined, devices can be switched to the **Maintenance** user role if the correct password is entered in the **Password** parameter. A new password becomes valid once it has been verified after being entered in the **Confirm new password** parameter.



The password must contain a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 16 characters and can consist of both letters and numbers. Leading and trailing spaces not used as part of the password. If you lose your password, please contact the sales organization.

User entry

..... (enter the password)

Confirm new password

Navigation



System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password \rightarrow Confirm new password

Description

Use this function to confirm the new password that has been defined.

Additional information

A new password becomes valid once it has been verified after being entered in the **Confirm new password** parameter.



The password must contain a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 16 characters and can consist of both letters and numbers. Leading and trailing spaces not used as part of the password. If you lose your password, please contact the sales organization.

User entry

..... (enter the password)

Status password entry

Navigation



System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password \rightarrow Status password entry

Description

Displays the status of the password verification.

- Password accepted
- Wrong password
- Password rules violated
- Permission denied
- Incorrect input sequence
- Invalid user role
- Confirm PW mismatch
- Reset password accepted

Enter password Navigation System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Enter password Prerequisite The **Operator** user role must be active. Description Use this function to enter a password for the selected user role to gain access to the functions of this role. User entry Enter the defined password. Status password entry Navigation System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Enter password \rightarrow Status password entry Description → ■ 77 Reset password **Navigation** System → User management → Reset password **Prerequisite** The **Operator** user role must be active. Use this function to enter the reset code to reset the current password. Description **A** CAUTION Current password is lost. ▶ Only use the reset code if you have lost the current password. Contact the sales organization. Activate the text box and enter the reset code. **User entry** Status password entry **Navigation** System → User management → Reset password → Status password entry Description → 🖺 77 Logout

Navigation System → User management → Logout **Prerequisite** The **Maintenance** user role must be active. Description The **Maintenance** user role is exited and the system switches to the **Operator** user role. Activate the button. User entry Change password Navigation System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Change password **Prerequisite** The **Maintenance** user role must be active. Description • Old password: Use this function to enter the current password to then be able to make changes to the existing password. ■ New password: \rightarrow 🖺 76 • Confirm new password: \rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 76 User entry 1. (enter the old password) 2. (enter the new password) 3. (confirm the new password) Status password entry **Navigation** System → User management → Change password → Status password entry → 🗎 77 Description Delete password Navigation System → User management → Delete password The **Maintenance** user role must be active. **Prerequisite** Description Use this function to enter the current password in order to delete the existing password. The **Define password** button then appears. **User entry** 1. Activate the **Delete password** button.

2. (enter the existing password)

14.3.3 Submenu: Bluetooth configuration

Bluetooth **Navigation** System \rightarrow Bluetooth configuration \rightarrow Bluetooth Description Use this function to enable or disable the Bluetooth® function. • Off: The Bluetooth® interface is disabled immediately. • On: The Bluetooth® interface is enabled and a connection to the device can be established. The Bluetooth® interface is only available if the CDI interface is not used. **Options** Off ■ On **Factory setting** On Bluetooth status **Navigation** System → Bluetooth configuration → Bluetooth status Description Displays whether the Bluetooth® function is available. Bluetooth® communication is only possible if the CDI interface is not used. User interface Three states can be displayed: Disabled by software Disabled by hardware ■ Blocked by CDI

Change Bluetooth password 1)

1) Function is only visible in the SmartBlue app

Navigation System \rightarrow Bluetooth configuration \rightarrow Change Bluetooth password

Description Use this function to change the Bluetooth® password. This function is visible in the

SmartBlue app only.

Prerequisite The Bluetooth® interface is enabled (ON) and a connection to the device is established.

User entry Enter:

User name

Current password

New password

Confirm new password

Press OK to confirm your entries.

14.3.4 Submenu: Information

Submenu: Device

Squawk	
Navigation	
Description	This function can be used locally to facilitate the identification of the device in the field. Once the Squawk function has been activated, all the segments flash on the display.
Options	 Squawk once: Display of device flashes for 60 seconds and then returns to normal operation. Squawk on: Display of device flashes continuously. Squawk off: Squawk is switched off and the display returns to normal operation.
User entry	Activate the relevant button
Serial number	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the serial number of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.
User interface	Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.
Order code	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the order code of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. Uses of the order code To order an identical spare device. To identify the device quickly and easily, e.g. when contacting your supplier.
Firmware version	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the device firmware version that is installed.

User interface	Max. 6-digit character string in the format xx.yy.zz			
Hardware version				
Navigation				
Description	Displays the hardware version of the device.			
User interface	Max. 6-digit character string in the format uu.vv.ww			
Extended order code (n)				
	n = Number of parts of the extended order code (n = 1 to 3)			
Navigation				
Description	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code.			
	 Uses of the extended order code To order an identical spare device. To check the ordered device features using the delivery note. 			
Device name				
Navigation				
Description	Displays the device name. It can also be found on the nameplate.			
Manufacturer				
Navigation				
Description	Displays the name of the manufacturer.			
	Submenu: HART info			
Device type				
Navigation				

Description Displays the device type with which the device is registered with the FieldComm Group.

The device type is specified by the manufacturer. It is needed to assign the appropriate

device description file (DD) to the device.

User interface 4-digit hexadecimal number

Factory setting 0xB584

Device revision

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Device revision

Description Displays the device revision with which the device is registered with the FieldComm Group.

It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.

User interface Revision in hexadecimal format

Factory setting 0x03

HART revision

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART revision

Description Displays the HART revision of the device.

Factory setting 0x07

HART descriptor

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART descriptor

Description Use this function to define a description for the measuring point.

User entry Up to 16 alphanumeric characters (uppercase letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting 16 x '?'

HART message

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART message

Description Use this function to define a HART message which is sent via the HART protocol when

requested by the master.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (uppercase letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting 32 x '?'

Hardware revision

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Hardware revision

Description Displays the hardware revision of the device. The hardware revision is also transmitted in

command 0.

Software revision

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Software revision

Description Displays the software revision of the device. The software revision is also transmitted in

command 0.

HART date code

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART date code

Description Use this function to define date information for individual use.

User entry Date in the format year-month-day (YYYY-MM-DD)

Factory setting $2010-01-01^{1}$

1) Also 01.01.2010 depending on the operating tool

Manufacturer ID

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Manufacturer ID

Description Displays the manufacturer ID under which the device is registered with the FieldComm

Group.

User interface 4-digit hexadecimal number

Factory setting 0x00B5

 Device ID

 Navigation
 System → Information → HART info → Device ID

 Description
 A unique HART identifier is saved in the device ID and used by the control systems to identify the device. The device ID is also transmitted in command 0. The device ID is determined unambiguously from the serial number of the device.

 User interface
 ID generated for specific serial number

Submenu: Device location

 Latitude

 Navigation
 \Box System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Latitude

Description Use this function to enter the latitude coordinates that describe the device location.

User entry -90.000 to +90.000 °

Factory setting 0°

Longitude

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Longitude

Description Use this function to enter the longitude coordinates that describe the device location.

User entry −180.000 to +180.000 °

Factory setting 0°

Altitude

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Altitude

Description Use this function to enter the altitude data that describe the device location.

User entry $-1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ m

Factory setting 0 m

Location method

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Location method

Description Use this function to select the data format for specifying the geographic location. The

codes for specifying the location are based on the US National Marine Electronics

Association (NMEA) Standard NMEA 0183.

Options ■ No fix

• GPS or Standard Positioning Service (SPS) fix

Differential PGS fix

Precise positioning service (PPS)

■ Real Time Kinetic (RTK) fixed solution

■ Real Time Kinetic (RTK) float solution

Estimated dead reckoning

Manual input mode

Simulation mode

Factory setting Manual input mode

Location description

Navigation \square System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Location description

Description Use this function to enter a description of the location so that the device can be located in

the plant.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting $32 \times ?'$

Process unit tag

Navigation System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Process unit tag

Description Use this function to enter the process unit in which the device is installed.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting 32 x '?'

14.3.5 Submenu: Display

Display interval

Navigation System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Display interval

Description Use this function to set the length of time the measured values are displayed if the values

alternate on the local display. This type of change is only generated automatically if

several measured values are specified.

The **Value 1 display - Value 3 display** parameters are used to specify which measured values are shown on the local display.

User entry 4 to 20 s

Factory setting 4 s

Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display)

Navigation System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display)

Description Use this function to select one of the measured values shown on the local display.

Options ■ Process value

Device temperatureOutput currentPercent of range

■ Off ¹⁾

1) Not for Value 1 display

Factory setting ■ Value 1 display: process value

Value 2 and 3 display: off

Decimal places 1 (decimal places 2 or 3)

Navigation System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Format display \rightarrow Decimal places 2 or 3)

Prerequisite A measured value is defined in the parameter **Value 1 display** (Value 2 or 3 display).

Description Use this function to select the number of decimal places for the display value. This setting

does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.

If Automatic is selected the maximum possible number of desimal places is

If **Automatic** is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Options • x

■ X.X

X.XX

X.XXX

x.xxxx

Automatic

Factory setting Automatic

Display text 1 (2 or 3)

Navigation System \rightarrow Display text 1 (2 or 3)

Description Display text for this channel that appears on the screen in the 14-segment display.

User entry Enter the display text: the maximum text length is 8 characters.

Factory setting ■ Display text 1: PV

■ Display text 2 or 3: ---- (no text)

T142 Index

Index

0 9		Device type	
2-wire compensation (parameter)	67	Diagnostic behavior (parameter)	
4mA value (parameter)	70	Diagnostic event simulation (parameter)	58
20mA value (parameter)		Diagnostic events	
•		Diagnostic behavior	
A		Overview	
Accessories		Status signals	33
Communication-specific	37	Diagnostic list (submenu)	57
Device-specific		Diagnostic settings (submenu)	
Actual diag channel n		Display (submenu)	
Actual diagnostics (submenu)		Display interval (parameter)	
Actual diagnostics 1		Display text (parameter)	
Actual diagnostics n		Disposal	
Alarm delay (parameter)		Document	
Altitude (parameter)		Function	_
Assign current output (PV) (parameter)		Document function	
Assign QV (parameter)		Document function	•
Assign SV (parameter)		E	
Assign TV (parameter)		Electronics	64
Assign IV (parameter)	/5	Enter password (parameter)	
В		Event logbook (submenu)	
	90	Event logbook (submenu)) ,
Bluetooth (parameter)		F	
Bluetooth configuration (submenu)		Failure current (parameter)	7-
Bluetooth status	80	Failure mode (parameter)	
С		Final check	/(
	1 -		20
Cable specification		Mounting	
Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C (parameter)		Wiring	
Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO (parameter)		Firmware version	8.
CE mark		Н	
Change Bluetooth password (parameter)			0
Change password (parameter)		Hardware revision	
Configuration changed (parameter)	75	Hardware version	
Configuration counter (parameter)	75	HART address (parameter)	
Confirm new password (parameter)	77	HART configuration (submenu)	
Connection type (parameter)	66	HART date code (parameter)	
Current output (submenu)	70	HART descriptor (parameter)	
Current output simulation (parameter)	59	HART info (submenu)	
Current trimming 4 mA (parameter)	71	HART message (parameter)	83
Current trimming 20 mA (parameter)		HART revision	
J VI ,		HART short tag (parameter)	74
D		HART® protocol	
Damping (parameter)	72	Device variables	27
Decimal point (parameter)			
Define password (parameter)	76	I	
Delete password (parameter)		Information (submenu)	82
Device (submenu)			
Device ID		K	
Device location (submenu)		Kabelspezifikation	50
Device management (submenu)		•	
Device name		L	
Device reset (parameter)		Last rectified diagnostic	56
		Latitude (parameter)	
Device revision		Limit corrosion detection (parameter)	
Device tag (parameter)		Linearization (submenu)	
Device temperature		Location description (parameter)	
1 1		Location method (parameter)	
Device temperature min value (parameter)	62	2000000 metroa (parameter)	50

Index T142

Locking status	78
M	
Manufacturer (parameter)8Manufacturer ID (parameter)8Measured values (submenu)6Min/max values (submenu)6Mounting location6	34 54 52
Field housing	11
Nameplate	77
0	
Operating tool	20 20 20 20 56
Wireless Field Device Configurator app	26 32 31 65
P	
Polynomial coeff. RO (parameter)	69 58 57 36
Q QV	56
R	
Reset configuration Changed flag (parameter)	57 76 53 78 52 36
S	
Sensor (submenu)	63 66 60 69 62 62

Sensor raw value 64 Sensor simulation (parameter) 59 Sensor simulation value (parameter) 59 Sensor type (parameter) 66 Sensor upper limit (parameter) 70 Sensor value 64 Serial number 81 Simulation (submenu) 58 Software revision 84 Squawk (Assistant) 81 Status password entry (parameter) 77, 78, 79 Status signal (parameter) 61 Structure of the operating menu 23 SV 65 System (menu) 56, 64, 74	9950418419185
T Thermocouple diagnostic (parameter) 61 Time stamp n	3
Troubleshooting Application error with RTD sensor connection 32 Application error with TC sensor connection 32 General errors	2
U Unit (parameter)	
Value current output (parameter) 59 Value display (parameter) 87 Version data for the device 27	7
W Workplace safety	7

